THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

[BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SUNDAY, JULY 31, 1870. [VOLUME III---NUMBER 35

Evening Edition.

Atlanta, Georgia, July 30, 1870.

Montvale Springs.

To reach this celebrated watering place, visitors have only nine miles to travel in old-fashioned coaches. We understand that the number of guests now there is greater than during any season since the war.

☞ The people of Atlanta, without distinction of party, would like to know if the following heading to a report (so-called) of their meeting, which appeared in Governor Bullock's home organ on Friday morning, is a "batch" of typographical errors:

REVOLUTIONARY.—The Friends of Hill and Miller have a Town Meeting—The would-be Senators make Speeches—They Recognize the Organization of 1868 as Legal, and Consequently Consider the Act of Congress as an Usurpation—They would like Seats in the United States Senate, etc., etc.

A peaceful people do not like to be misrepresented.

☞ Governor Bullock's house organ, of this morning, says that the substitution of General for Colonel Gordon, in its report of the anti-prolongation meeting of the people of Atlanta, without distinction of party, was a typographical error. It says, speaking of the typographer who set up that report—

"He certainly substituted "General" Gordon in two places where the reporter had written "Colonel" Gordon. We have since learned that the speaker was Mr. Walter S. Gordon, of this city. General Gordon did not speak at all."

There is no man in Atlanta known as Colonel Gordon. Two reportorial and two typographical errors make four.

☞ "The legislative power shall be vested in a General Assembly, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives, and, until otherwise directed, the members thereof, after the first election, *shall be elected*, and the returns of the election made *as now prescribed by law*." *Art. 3, sec. 1, par. 1, of Constitution* 1868.

The same constitution provides that there shall be an election in 1870—i. e., two years after the first election. Now, from these two provisions of the constitution, is it not fairly deducible that the Legislature cannot change the manner of elections at all, or if at all, only by substituting some other mode of election?

First, they cannot *change the election laws at all*, because it is constitutionally provided that members shall be elected as *now provided by law*, "until otherwise directed" by—not the Legislature—but by the only power competent to change that constitution, to-wit: the votes of the people on the question, after a proper submission of it by the Legislature in accordance with the provisions of the constitution.

This seems unanswerable. But grant for a moment that the words "until otherwise directed" confer that power on the Legislature to change it by their sole action, then they cannot, under that delegation of power, *repeal* the election laws; they could at best only *substitute* some others for those now existing. Therefore, while to *substitute might* be constitutional, to *repeal* would be palpably without such right. And this view is clinched and made unanswerable, as the true construction, by the 2d constitutional provision above set forth, to-wit: That there shall be an election every two years. This is a wise check upon an usurping Legislature, which, to perpetuate its power, would precipitate the country into anarchy by repealing election laws as this infamous "Rump Parliament" even to-day proposes to do.

Do it, ye vile plunderers, if ye dare! and ye will be sunk so deep into infamy that our sheriffs, in the future, will scarcely be able to find you with their civil warrants, to make you accountable to the public for $9 per day, and with their criminal warrants, to arrest you for your public robbery and unheard of usurpation and treason!!

Shade of George Washington, who laid aside *his* power, unveil your eyes, and from your niche in the wall loose a thunderbolt of Jupiter at their venal consciences.

The Capitol Question.

We have often referred to the above subject in our columns, and have endeavored to look upon the same in all its different phases. But, perhaps, we have not dwelt upon that point wherein the city is so much interested as fully as we should, and therefore take this opportunity of noticing that unsettled question, which seems to exist between the State and the city, and concerning which there are different constructions.

It is true that there is no hesitation on the part of the city to perform readily all she agreed. There is not a single citizen in Atlanta, from the rich to the poor, but who promptly says, let Atlanta do her whole duty in the contract which she signed. The citizens of this rapidly increasing metropolis are of one mind, that it is far better to *exceed* their original proposals than to lack in a single one of their pledges.

It is evident that the proposition of the city to the constitutional convention, is not as plain and explicit on the subject of furnishing, heating, and lighting the Capitol building as it should be, and can be as it has been, capable of different constructions, leaving it a question of doubt as to what she really intended to do. The following address, however, issued by the City Council to the convention, seems to be more to the point, and throws a ray of light over the whole matter.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, }
ATLANTA, GA., Feb. 28, 1868. }

The City Council of Atlanta to the Constitutional Convention, now in session in this City:

GENTLEMEN: We take this opportunity to express to you, in the name of the whole people of Atlanta, our hearty thanks for the unanimity of your body in locating the Capital of Georgia in our thriving city.

We desire to communicate through you to your constituents, that the people of Georgia may rest assured the city of Atlanta *will spare no pains* in an honest and earnest effort to fully comply with *all* the pledges we have made your body. Your prompt acceptance of our offer with reference to the removal of the Capitol, made after a majority of your body had expressed a preference for this city, and the vote of more than three-fourths of the convention to locate the Capitol in Atlanta, shows that the people of Georgia, in convention assembled, have a proper appreciation of the spirit of the people of the Gate City of Georgia; and we beg to assure you that Atlanta *will see to it* that your confidence has not been misplaced.

The *first* Legislature elected under your constitution will *find us ready to give them proper accommodations* and a hearty welcome.

We believe that this action of yours will give a new impetus to our city, and will stimulate us in our fixed purpose to improve the advantage bestowed on us by a prospering Providence, to make Atlanta the leading city of the Empire State of the South, and to win the admiration of all her rivals, by *the magnanimity* of her people, and the cheerful greeting extended to all true Georgians from the mountains to the seaboard.

Resolved, That the above address be spread upon the minutes of our proceedings, and that the clerk be instructed to transmit a copy to the Hon. J. R. Parrott, President, etc.

On motion of Councilman Cox, the foregoing was unanimously adopted.

I certify that the above and foregoing is a correct copy from the minues of the City Council of Atlanta.

[Seal of city.] S. B. LOVE, Clerk.

Now, what does the city mean when she distinctly states "*The City of Atlanta will spare* NO PAINS *in an honest effort to fully comply with* ALL *the pledges we have made your body?*" and then, again, what is the construction of this sentence, "*Atlanta will see to it that your confidence has not been misplaced?*"

Now, these points and suggestions are what the Legislature has, and do complain of. They say that they certainly expected the building to be furnished, and made ready in every way for immediate and comfortable occupancy, *by the* CITY, and complain of the non-fulfilment of this part of the contract.

In stating this the Legislature very properly refers to that portion of the letter to the convention where she says, "Will find us ready to give them *proper accommodations* and a hearty welcome."

Now, we ask any candid, thoughtful, and unbiased mind, if merely the bare walls of a building, however fine and commodious in all of its architectural construction, can be considered "proper accommodations" for the General Assembly and State officers? We answer plainly and unequivocally, NO! Atlanta, when she addressed this communication to the convention, expected (and to-day has witnessed her expectations realized in their broadest sense) to become the Empire City of the Empire State of the South.

In undertaking this enterprise, she felt that she could easily win the admiration of her sister cities, by the *laudable magnanimity* of her generous people.

The joint committee of the Legislature seems disposed to act most honorably in this matter, and not too strenuously insist upon what is not perfectly honorable in this question, comprising the subject in such a way, that this vexed and agitated question will be forever and definitely settled.

We understand that the committee of the Legislature have had this matter under careful and mature consideration for several days, and that they simply ask the City Council to pay its *pro rata* share of the cost of the building and fixtures this year as it offered to do last.

What less can our council do? We believe that there is not a single member of that body who is not honorable in his dealings, and true to his word and his promises. We have not heard a single citizen demur to such action, but on the contrary, *demand* that it be done promptly and satisfactory to all concerned.

Then let the matter be settled at once; let the joint committee of the Legislature and the City Council join hands harmoniously on this question. It is simply an act of good faith, and a sealed contract on the part of the State and the city, and as soon as this matter has been considered and properly presented to the Legislature, we trust that its members will act equally as promptly and harmoniously, without regard to political differences or sectional pride.

William Henry Ineligible.

RINGGOLD, GA., July 29, 1870.

Editors Constitution: I see a notice in THE CONSTITUTION, "that persons cognizant of William Henry's holding office before the war, and aiding in the rebellion, are requested to come to Atlanta." There are parties who know the facts, but as they are personally friendly to Henry, they will not go to Atlanta unless summoned by authority. I give you some facts and request you to hand this letter to the parties who are moving in the matter.

I am credibly informed that John S. Henderson, a highly respectable gentleman of this county, was married by Mr. Henry, Mr. H. being a justice of the peace in Tennessee. This was more than twenty years ago.

Nathan Anderson, of this place, says that Henry told him that he had been a justice of the peace in Tennessee before he came to Georgia.

He will also swear that Henry talked, at one time during the war, of raising a company for Confederate service.

Russell J. Jones, of this place, will swear that Henry contributed a considerable sum of money to buy a uniform suit, etc., for R. Fleming's company of State troops; that he was present, and saw the money paid; thinks the amount was $50.

R. F. Leary lives in Augusta, and knows all the facts. This company was in Harkie's regiment.

L. C. Graddy, now of Griffin, probably knows the facts. Many other witnesses can be produced to this point, if necessary.

W. H. Payne, and Thomas J. Payne, will swear that Mr. Henry told them, since the death of Mr. McCutchen, that he was not eligible; that he had held office before the war, and voluntarily aided in the rebellion; that he did so because his sympathies were with the Southern boys; that he was not forced to do so, and that he would perjure himself if he should take the oath."

I have heard W. J. Whitsell, of this place, say that Henry made a similar statement to him as the one to the Messrs. Payne; but, Mr. Whitsell has of late been courting Henry's favor, and might not like to tell all he knows.

I think Henry was a justice of the peace in Blount county, Tennessee, a good many years ago.

Very respectfully.
E. M. DODSON.

STAMP YOUR RECEIPTS.—This clause of the new tax bill abolishing the tax on receipts does not go into effect for some months yet. The clause in question provides that on and after October 1, next, the stamp tax imposed in schedule B on promissory notes for a less sum than $100, and on receipts for any sum of money or for payment of any debt, and the stamp tax imposed in schedule C on canned and preserved fish, be, and the same is hereby, repealed. And no stamp shall be required upon the transfer or assignment of a mortgage where it or the instrument it secures has once been duly stamped.

Our Washington Letter.

Special Correspondence Atlanta Constitution.

WASHINGTON, July 27, 1870.

Since the departure of Grant and his private secretary, Porter, for Long Branch, Brigadier-General door-keeper Dent has been acting President and private secretary. He has installed himself in Mr. Porter's rooms, where he sits in state, receives delegations and newspaper men, issues his orders, and regulates the affairs of the nation generally. This morning he was found seated in a big arm chair, before a large map of Europe, marking out with red, yellow, blue, and other colored pencils, the positions of the cavalry, infantry, etc., of the contending forces. His comments and explanations were worthy of one who has achieved such laurels as gracefully deck the brow of Dent, and led his listeners to regret that so much military talent should rust in the anti-room of the White House.

It is to be feared that the King of Prussia nor the Emperor of France will ever know the advantage that might have resulted from securing the services of the President's boss door-keeper. To be sure an irreverent Bohemian, with no respect for persons or places, would insist on recalling a scene in *La Grand Duchesse*, in which both General Bowen and Fritz and a war map figure, but he was immediately frowned down by his more sedate and serious companions. What Dent don't know about wars in general, and the European war in particular, is not worth knowing. But although acting President, he will take no step in the matter until the return of Grant

THE FOREIGN WAR ON AMERICAN SOIL.

The troubles on the other side of the Atlantic have already adherents to the cause of the belligerents on this side, and it is not untrequent that broils arise out of too much comment on the "situation." Yesterday two well known citizens of Georgetown (one French and the other of Hebrew persuasion, got into an entanglement over the disputed question, when Mr. B. doubled up his "mauleys" and let fly at the peepers of the Frenchman, with such effect as to nearly shut out the latter's daylight. The fight was warm for several minutes; the Israelite by his flank movement succeeded in worsting his opponent, though the latter showed undoubted pluck, and would have died on the field of "glory," had it not been that a police officer stepped in and separated the combatants. They were marched "double-quick" to the police court, where a fine of five dollars was imposed upon each. So ended the first battle of the foreign war on American soil. It is not yet known what Mr. Secretary Sardine will do about it.

"DEMOCRATIC ORGANS"—SO-CALLED.

What is the Democratic party coming to? Here are announcements of two newspapers to be published shortly, one in New York and one in Washington, both professing to be organs of the "National Democratic party of the United States." One of these papers is to be owned and edited by an ex-office holder under a Radical administration, and the other will be edited by a gentleman who received foreign mission at the hands of President Lincoln. There may be something in "fighting the devil with fire," but the great mass of the people have had enough of Radicalism in all its varied shapes and disguises. They want no "organs" which are ground by Radicals, not even by those who most loudly proclaim their conversion to the Democratic faith. The battle must be fought and won by staunch and true Democrats, and not by those who, having tasted the sweets of office under Radical administration, now turn on the hands that feed them with a view to personal gain.

OUR AGRICULTURAL INTERESTS.

A glance at the brief biographies of our national legislation, furnished by Major Ben. Parley Poore in his Congressional Directory, shows that the great agricultural interests of this country are almost wholly unrepresented in Congress. There are not in the House and Senate together a dozen men who are now, or ever have been, planters or farmers. This is not as it should be. It explains, moreover, the pernicious character of much of the legislation enacted by Congress. The lawyers rule in both branches by an overwhelming majority; and some of them, it need scarcely be said, are of the "jack-leg" and shyster persuasion, while others may be denominated as "briefless barristers." In *ante bellum* days the south sent her successful planters to Washington. Now she is misrepresented by the carpet-bag vermin bred of the war. Let an effort be made at the coming election to have the agricultural interests represented, and give a few of some of the lawyers leave to stay at home, and attend to their practice, if they have any.

MERE MENTION.

Washington is to have a pleasure driving park.

Forney's Chronicle is looking very sickly. Its friends would despair, if it had any.

Horace Greeley has been elected a member of the American Union Academy of Literature, Science, and Art.

The Star Chamber School Council of Washington excludes reporters from their meetings. They do dark deeds in darkness.

Secretary Robeson proposes to buy up all the canal boats in New Jersey, to augment our European squadron.

Secretary Fish unbends his mind from the severe labor of studying the questions growing out of the pending war in Europe, by reading Greeley's essays on "What I know about farming."

ARGUS.

"BILL ARP."

Letter from the Great Georgia Humorist—He Touches Some Men and a Few Measures.

From the Daily Sun.

Mr. Editur: I'm sorry I can't fill my promise to call on you. I'm goin home, I am. I'm tired of this everlastin fuss. There's sum develment up, and I'm jubus about it. I've heard lots of war talk in the Legislature to-day. There's signs of fight. I don't think 9 dollars a day would provoke such hostile language. One feller said they was just rarin and chargin for their constituents, and that it was all 9 dollars gas, but it didn't smell like gas to me. The day I got here there was shootin, and a man killed. Then agin I see the members and the outsiders dividin up in little squads about at night and whisperin and jugglin and pirootin around. They are plottin agin somebody I know. I heard one feller say "prolongation," and another said "hell," and another "dam," and I heard jaw teeth grit." I was a private in Corputs battery, and I know what a prolong is. It's a big hemp rope, with hooks on the ends, what hitches the cannon to the powder box. There's goin' to be shootin certain, and somebody's goin to be hurt, and I want Captain Corput to understand that I've resigned. I heard another crowd talkin about State aids. I suppos they are to be on the Governors staff. Brown had many a one in '63 and '4. Hal said he had 700, and Hal ought to know. A Stait Aid is a good thing. He can see the battle from afur off. The further the better for me. I heard a member say he was afeerd all the State Aids would be killed, but that he should fight mity hard on the road from Macon to Knoxville. Another said he should do his fightin between Rome and Columbus. If a man can pick his ground it's a good thing.

Mr. Editur, there's a heap of fuss generally. A man tawked 2 days in the House about the penitentiary and the conviks, and whippin an slashin and delicate parts, etc. I thought he thought a good deal of hisself. I was sorry to see the members asleep while he was speakin, for i think it very disrespekful. I man said that the speakist didn't care a dam for the conviks, but was jess playin his last card agin the Govnor, and that he was then goin to sink down between Silla & Karybdis, unknelled, unhonored and unsung. I noticed his tawk was all about kolord convikz; he didn't seem to be sorry for a white man.

A man in the gallery was powerful mad with sum editur—maybe it was you, I don't know—but he axed a man whether he should whip the editur or not. The man said he didn't know and couldn't say, for he hadn't read the piece, but that as a general think in the abstract it was right to whip 'em. If I was you I would carry a weepin of some sort, even of it was only an umberell.

I got tired of all this, and wauked over to Whitehall for pesce. A friend (I suppose he was a friend) found me and said he wanted to see me pertiklarly. He took me away back and hauled out sum little thumb papers full of figures, and said he wanted me to insure my life. That skeered me worse than anything, for it looked like I was in danger, and he had just found it out. I axed him if he thought there would be a fight. He explained things to me, and I felt relieved, and declined to insure for the present. You see I felt mity well, and couldn't see the necessity. At the next corner I met another friend, who seemed glad to see me exceedingly. He held my hand in his several moments. He axed me if my life was insured. He said he was agent for the very best company in the world. I axed him how long a man would live under his company. He then explained to me that a man might die at any time; that they didn't undertake to keep a man from dyin. So I declined, but expressed my gratitude for his interest in my welfare, and promised to buy a policy as soon as I got right sick. Just as I left him I heard him call some feller a dam phool.

When I got to the hotel there was a feller waitin' for me on the same bisness. He talked to me for an hour about the uncertainty of life and the certainty of death. I thought, perhaps, he was a missionary. He seemed much concerned about my wife and children, and once or twice wiped his eyes with a white pocket handkerchief. I knowed he was a friend, and told him I would reflect seriously about the matter.

I believe that company is a purely philanthropic institution, and would lend a poor fellow a few dollars if he was sufferin'. I think I will try to borrow a little from their agents to-morrow. This morning the first one come to see me agin, and I concluded I was looking mity bad, and axed him to excuse me as I was not feelin' well. I went to Dr. Alexander and got a dose of salts. He axed me if I was sick. I told him I supposed I was, and the reason why. He then told me all about it, and said there was about 100 of them fellers in town, and they all had augurs, long augurs, and they bored about half an inch at the first interview and an inch at the second in the same hole, and so on, until they got to the hollow, and the patient give in and took a policy. I don't know about that, but I will say they are the friendliest, most sympathizen and kind-hearted men I have ever struck; only I don't like so much talk about coffins and grave-yards. I dident take the salts.

But, Mr. Editur, I tell you there is trouble a brewin'. I saw old Rock and General Gordon and Colonel Styles a talkin' together, and old Tige wasent fur off; old Rock's gray beard was a wagin ominously, and old Gordon's scars was a jumpin' about all over his face; Styles looked like he wanted to eat soinebody. I heard Jim say something about "Orgean Stables," I suppose that is where he keeps his war horses. Scott came up and said something about the rear guard. He's the devil on rear guard, and the army knows it. Jim Waddell dropped in and remarked he had "just as leave die as live if old Rock said so." At this moment a feller come along a singin'

"I feel, I feel, I feel, I feel like a Griffin Star,"
"And if there's Ruin' to be, why then, why then I'm thar."

Shoo, fly, don't bother me.

The whole party looked like Gattysburg, and old Tige was just a waitin' for old Rock to troo. God bless 'em all! I know they'll stand between me and danger.

I tell yon, Mr. Editur, there's trouble a brewin'. Says I, "Mr. Mackworter, you are the Speaker, you know it all from the steeple to the sellar; you have capacity and sagacity, and vivacity and rapacity, and the like of that, a la 'barbecue,' that is, from the snout to the tail—tell me, do you think there will be a fight'?"

"Yes, sur," sais he, "yes, sur; they will fight shore. They are obliged to fight. Old Bonaparte can't get out of it, and Pismark has got a chin just like Joe Johnston. France wants a blood lettin' like we had—" "Is that fur off?" sais I; "I thot it was to begin in Atlanty to-nite."

"Oh, no," says he, and went on.

I got sum comfort from my old friend, Bev. Thornton. He said that if they did get up a fight, the old soldiers wouldn't be inte it much, except the generals, for that the original, consistent Union men, like Josh Hill and Dunning, and Tom Saffold and old man Stewart, and Ackerman would make short work of it. He said they were mity slow men to get mad, and it had taken 'em about ten years to git to the bilin' pint, but that such fitin' as they would do now the world nor the flesh nor the devil never saw. He said I would whip a thousand and put ten thousand to flight. I hope so. I like a man who takes ten years to git mad.

Yours truly, BILL ARP.

P. S. I heard several fellers talkin' about 9 dollars, and about the offices, and a man told me that was what was the matter with Hannah. Mr. Editur, who is Hannah, and what is the matter with her? I hope she ain't dangerous. B. A.

N. B.—I am now satisfied there won't be a fight here. Do you think there's any truth in the report that Josh Hill, Saffold & Co. are goin' to Prusshia? A man said that when it took a man ten years to get mad, he was bound to fight something or take spontaneous combustion. I reckon they'll go. B. A.

☞ It was a lady rightly named Sass who sang the Marseillaise recently at the Grand Opera in Paris.

☞ Among other things besides ice, which the hot weather makes it difficult to keep, is your temper.

☞ One of the coolest transactions during the warm season is to steal ice from a neighbor's doorway.

☞ A male child was recently born in Perry county, Pennsylvania, which has no eyes. In other respects it is perfectly formed, stout and healthy.

HOMICIDE ON BEECH ISLAND.—A party who arrived here from Beech Island, South Carolina, on yesterday, reported that a young man named Buck Griffin had been shot there by a negro that morning. The family of the deceased resides in the lower part of the city.—*Augusta Chronicle.*

☞ Hon. Freeman Clarke, Radical and ex-Comptroller of the Treasury, Washington, says that the people pay nine hundred millions of taxes, only four hundred millions of which ever reach the Treasury. This shows what is required to keep up an army of office-holders in the way of salaries and stealings.—*Savannah News.*

MARRIAGE OF BRIGNOLI AND MISS MCCULLOCH.—A New York letter gives this interesting item: "We hear from Long Branch of Brignoli, the tenor, with Miss McCulloch, the prima donna. The well-known operatic artists have been singing together for a long time, and the match is in every way a desirable one. Brignoli is to become graduated on having secured for a wife a pretty, talented and accomplished American girl like Miss McCulloch.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

LOUISBURG, July 30.—At a Union League meeting here it was decided that Florida needs a more thorough organization.

General Clark, of Texas, reported an efficient organization in that State, under Newcomb's presidency.

Conway, of New Orleans, made a vigorous speech, depicting the State affairs of Louisiana, and showing the persistent efforts made to deceive and seduce away members of the Republican party, under specious and false devices, coming from the Democratic party.

HELENA, July 30.—Six men attacked the coach north of Pleasant Valley. They were driven off by the passengers after the driver and one passenger were fatally wounded.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The family of Mr. Nathan offer $20,000, and the board of brokers offer an additional $10,000, for the detection of Mr. Nathan's murderers.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, July 30.—The Catholic clergy are preparing a grand demonstration in favor of France to-morrow, which the government will probably prevent.

Anna Cora Mowatt is dead.

In the House of Commons, on the low quality of coal furnished the British navy, suspicions of robbery were expressed.

Beefs are freely offered that the Prussians will be in Paris within a fortnight.

At Saarbruck, a Prussian success yesterday was admitted by the enemy. The French retired after a few rounds of cannon and musketry.

BERLIN, July 30.—A bitter feeling against England seems to pervade in all classes.

The French cavalry crossed the frontier at Perl yesterday, but retired without action.

Martial law has been proclaimed in all French towns on the Rhine border.

Every able-bodied man between 20 and 30 is now in the ranks.

PARIS, July 30.—The Prussian troops are making onerous requisitions upon the country they occupy, taking farmers' horses, felling trees and tramping the corps.

A dispatch from Metz says there is no sign of the enemy in port in any force.

France is organizing sharp-shooters, as a home defense.

At a council of ministers yesterday, at St. Cloud, Eugenie presided.

THE GERMAN PRESS.—This year the representatives of the German Press met in July at Frankfort-on-the-Maine, having assembled in 1869 at Vienna. The present association consisted of the editors of fifty-five journals, published at thirty-three different towns. On separating, it was agreed to hold the meeting of July, 1871, at Breslau, and that the General Committee for 1870–71 should sit at Frankfort.

☞ The London, New York and Hartford Central Publishing Company, of 205 East Twelfth street, New York, announce a great literary and artistic work, containing portraits and sketches of the most eminent men of the nineteenth century, including Dickens, Burlingame, and others. The work is a fine one, and the company offer special inducements to live agents. One agent took $16,250 in subscriptions in five months.—*New York Sun.*

"BAD BLOOD."

Pure Life is the Blood.

FROM it we derive our strength, beauty, and mental capabilities. It is the centre of our being, around which revolves all that makes existence happy. When this source is corrupted the painful effects are visible in many shapes, prominent among which is

SCROFULA.

This is a taint or infection of the human organism, and probably no one is wholly free from it. It exhibits itself in various shapes—as Ulcers and Sores, Decayed Bones, Diseased Scalp, Sore Eyes, Weak and Diseased Joints, St. Vitus' Dance, Foul Discharges from the Nostrils, Eruptions, Glandular Swellings, Throat Affections, Rheumatism, Heart Affections, Nervous Disorders, Barrenness, Disorders of the Womb, Dropsy, Syphilitic Affections, Liver Complaint, Salt Rheum, Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Loss of Manhood and General Debility.

It has been the custom to treat these diseases with Mercury and other Mineral substances, which, though sometimes producing a cure, often prove to be worse than the disease itself. The long known injurious properties of these so called alteratives and purifiers has led the philanthropical man of science to explore the arcana of nature, the result of which has been the discovery of a vegetable product which possess the power of eradicating these Taints from the Blood.

DR. TUTT'S

COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

SARSAPARILLA AND QUEEN'S DELIGHT

Is the acknowledged antidote to all Blood Diseases. By its use the afflictions above enumerated can be permanently banished, and the Source —the Centre of Life—the Blood, be maintained in all its purity and vigor.

For Diseases produced by the use of Mercury, and for Syphilis, with its train of evils, this compound is the only sure antidote.

To the poor creature, enfeebled in mind and body, by secret practices, whose nerves are unstrung, and countenance downcast

The Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT

is addressing. Try it fairly, and your nerves will be restored to their wonted vigor, and your dejected countenance be as radiant with the consciousness of

Restored Manhood.

Being free from violent measures, it is adapted for general use. The old and young may use it; the most delicate female at any time may take it; the sickly infant, who may have inherited disease, will be cured by it.

For Purifying the Blood USE DR. TUTT'S *Extract of Sarsaparilla* AND QUEEN'S DELIGHT.

When used in the Spring it removes all humors which infest the system, and banishes the languor and debility peculiar to that season of the year. Hacks promptly on the

Liver and Kidneys,

Producing a healthy action of the important organs by which all the impurities of the system are carried off, and the result is

A Clear Skin, a Good Appetite, and Buoyant Spirits.

PREPARED BY

WM. H. TUTT & LAND,

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA.

And Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

PROPOSALS

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, GEORGIA RAILROAD, AUGUSTA, GA., July 26th, 1870.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until the 6th of August next, for contract to discharge and persuade all the duties, and labor of the Atlanta Agency of the Georgia Railroad and Banking Company, for one year and longer if desired. The bidder to furnish all the clerks, office men, train shippers, watchmen, clerk hire, stationery, and every expense whatever connected with the work, or incident to said Agency, for a single sum—the Agent's own salary included. The bidding is open to the present Agent and all other responsible parties. The company reserving the right to reject all or any of the bids. The successful bidder to give bond and approved security in the sum of fifty thousand dollars, for the performance of his contract.

R. R. JOHNSON,
July26-fri&sun Superintendent.

THE WORLD'S WONDER.

DR. ABBETT'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC —OR— LIVER MEDICINE

A SAFE and certain cure for all kinds of Liver Complaints, and all diseases and indispositions that originate from a diseased state or inactivity of the Liver, such as

Chronic and Acute Inflammations of the Liver,

Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,

Soureess of the Stomach,

Loss of Appetite,

Lowiness of Spirits, Colic,

Costiveness, Fever, Ague,

Bilious Fever, Dropsy and Jaundice.

These Medicines are purely Vegetable, and perfectly harmless; but their efficacy is too permanently established in all the Southern and Western States to require any further recommendations. The wise will not fail to give them a fair trial—this is all that is asked.

LAGRANGE, GA., DEC. 3, 1868.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER, West Point, Ga. Gentlemen: Having witnessed almost daily, for the last fifteen years, the great efficacy of the preparation you are now putting up, known as "Abbett's Medicine," it affords me pleasure to state that I know of no combination or preparation equal to it in the treatment of Liver Diseases of whatever character, and would cordially recommend it to those who are suffering from derangement of the Liver, and especially the Dyspeptic.

I am, very respectfully,
T. S. BRADFIELD, Druggist.

WEST POINT, GA., OCT. 15, 1868.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER: Gentlemen—I can honestly and confidently recommend L. B. Abbett's Liver or Dyspeptic Medicine, as prepared by you, to the favorable notice of the suffering public. Having used this Medicine myself in my family for twenty years, I can highly recommend it for removing pain or flatulency from the stomach, caused by indigestion. It also has a happy effect in removing constipation of the bowels. I believe it to be the best universal remedy the world has yet discovered for the above named diseases. With my best wishes to you in introducing this valuable Medicine to the public, I remain, Yours, truly, A. K. KENDRICK.

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, General Agents,
Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.
CRAWFORD & WALKER, Prop'rs,
nov24-dly West Point, Ga.

LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS,

TONIC, INVIGORANT, —AND— PALATABLE STIMULANT.

BY far the best and purest preparation in the world for Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite Liver Complaint; a sure preventive for Fever and Ague, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.

LIPPMANN'S Great German Bitters,

Are a Medicinal Cordial, possessing powerful alterative, anti-bilious and invigorating properties, that can be taken by old or young, male or female, with beneficial results.

FOR FEMALES,

LIPPMANS BITTERS are invaluable. They build up the system, bring health and bloom to the cheek of the invalid. As a remedy for nervous weaknesses, to which females are especially subject, they are not superceding all other stimulants.

LIPPMAN'S Great German Bitters,

Are a Cordial for the aged, and a sure protection against malarious diseases. Persons living in the paludal malarious climate will find these Bitters a valuable remedy; a small dose taken occasionally, will prevent many days and, perhaps week's of sickness.

No license at all necessary to sell these Bitters.

SAVANNAH, GA., March 16, 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO., Savannah, Ga.: GENTS—I have before me your esteemed letter of the 14th instant, containing various documents relative to your "German Bitters." After a careful examination, I must confess that your Bitters is really what you represent it to be, an old German recipe of Dr. Mickerlich, of Berlin, Prussia. It will, indeed, be excellent for dyspepsia, general debility, and nervous disease, and it is a good preventive of Chills and Fevers. I feel it to be the most delightful and pleasant stomachic.

I remain, yours truly,
[Signed] AUG. P. WETTER.

KIRKLAND MILLS, GA., March 22, 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO., Druggists, Savannah, GA.:

GENTLEMEN: I have introduced your Great German Bitters here, to my customers and friends, and find a better sale for them than any I have ever kept before. Those who have tried them, approve of them very highly, and I do not hesitate in saying that they are far superior in value to any other bitters now in use.

Yours, respectfully,
[Signed] W. KIRKLAND.

LIPPMAN'S Great German Bitters,

Are sold by

DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS GENERALLY,

And are prepared in the Laboratory of the

WHOLESALE DRUG HOUSE

—OF—

Jacob Lippman & Bro.,

SAVANNAH, GA.

E. T. WYLY, PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO., and A. J. WEST & CO., Atlanta, Georgia, Wholesale Agents for Lippmann's Great German Bitters.

may15-dly

Wide Awake! Wide Awake! TO THE CITIZENS OF ATLANTA.

WE are now prepared to make BOOTS and SHOES of all descriptions, to order. If you want Patent Leather Congress, Box toed, Warner toed, Kept stitch or Pegs of the best French Calf-skin, we can furnish them to you at short notice and warrant the fit. The soles are made of the fat of Wyatt's Sole Leather and Factory, if you want the finest, call and see us at our shop, on Peachtree, in front of the Express, if you want the finest, call and see us at our shop.

W. G. NEWMAN, JOHN N. FAIN.

NEWMAN & FAIN,
Contractors and Builders,

(Office up-stairs over E. H. Goodman's Store.)

NO 33 PEACHTREE STREET,

July6-2m ATLANTA, GA.

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JOB PRINTING NEATLY EXECUTED AT THE CONSTITUTION office.

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TONIC, INVIGORANT,

—AND—

PALATABLE STIMULANT.

UNIVERSAL LIFE INS. CO.

—NEW YORK—

The Original Joint-Stock Life Ins. Co. of the United States.

The business of this Company is EXCLUSIVELY confined to the Insurance of first class healthy lives.

THE DISTINCTIVE FEATURE

of the *Stock* system of Life Insurance, as opposed to the *Mutual*, is a low rate of premium for a stated sum insured, which is IMMEDIATE, SECURED and CERTAIN; in lieu of a high rate of premium with a PROMISED dividend, which is DISTANT, CONTINGENT and UNCERTAIN; this so-called dividend being merely a return of a portion of the excess over and unnecessary premium charged in the first instance.

ILLUSTRATION.

Suppose that an individual aged thirty desires to devote $250 a year for the purpose of effecting an insurance on his life; the amount will immediately secure him in the UNIVERSAL, the sum of $11,351, payable on his decease. This sum, paid to a company charging the ordinary mutual rates, would secure him the sum of $6,414—*difference, immediately secured*, in favor of the UNIVERSAL, $3,977.

To illustrate the importance to the policy-holder of low premiums in more general terms, it may be stated that by a reduction of *twenty-five* per cent. in the rate of premium, the same amount of money will purchase a policy *thirty-three and one third* per cent. greater, and likewise that a reduction of twenty-five per cent in the rate of premium is precisely equivalent to an annual cash dividend of *thirty three and one-third per cent payable in advance*, or to a dividend of *forty-five per cent* payable at the end of five years.

By the *Stock* plan the *full cash effect* of the premium is immediately secured to the insured, the company taking all the risk. By the Mutual plan the risk in insurance of the premium paid, is not secured to the policy-holder, who takes a portion of the risk himself.

THE PREMIUMS

charged by the Universal are as low as the actual experience of in-land life in this country will justify, and on the ordinary Life and Ten-Year Non-forfeiture policies are nearly one-third lower than those charged by the majority of Mutual Companies.

Special attention is asked to our "*Return Premium Plan*," by which the amount of the policy is secured simply by the temporary deposit of the annual premiums, which are returned in full, together with the amount insured, to the holder of the policy when it shall become a claim upon the Company. Also to the

"REDUCTION OF PREMIUM PLAN,"

by which a reduction of *one third* is made in the premium after the first annual payment, being, in fact, equivalent to a *dividend of 33⅓ per cent*. A clause is inserted in the policies issued by the "Universal," in which these results are *distinctly applied and guaranteed*.

Liberal General Agents Commissions paid to good, live solicitors. Local Agents wanted in every town and county. Address,

LACHLAN H. McINTOSH,
General Agent.
J. W. SHACKLEFORD,
Manager Southern Department,
Atlanta, Georgia.

oct3

JOHNSON HOUSE,

By Mrs. Dr. Johnson,

Kingston, Georgia.

BELL HOUSE

KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE.

THIS well and popular hotel, situated at the corner of Main and State Streets, is again in OPEN TO THE PUBLIC

In its appointments—Rooms and Furniture—is second to none in the State, and the Proprietor flatters himself that he can give general satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage.

☞ Omnibuses run to and from the Depot.

RANDOLPH ROSS, Proprietor.
P. H. TOOMEY, Clerk. [mch6-3m

Howe & Hubbell

Successors to Hubbell, Swasey & Co.

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FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS,

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The Daily Constitution.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

J. W. AVERY, Editor.

Morning Edition.

Atlanta, Georgia, July 31, 1870.

Democratic Meeting.

A meeting of the Democratic party of Fulton county will be held at the City Hall on Tuesday, the 2d day of August, to appoint delegates to the State Democratic Convention, which assembles in Atlanta on the 17th day of August.

MANY DEMOCRATS.

Atlanta, July 28, 1870. tf

Democrats of Fulton County, Attention!

Let none forget that there will be a meeting of the Democrats of Fulton county on Tuesday, the 2d day of August, to appoint delegates to the State Democratic Convention that meets in this city on the 17th day of the same month. See call signed "Many Democrats."

County Meeting.

Remember the call for a meeting of the Democrats of Fulton county at the City Hall on Tuesday, August 2d. The hour of meeting is 12, M.

☞ The thermometer is by no means an accurate index of the oppressiveness of the weather. Some days are tolerable at 93, some intolerable at ten degrees lower. The difference is due to the relative humidity in the atmosphere. Let no man who is oppressed with heat at 85 degrees, suppose that he must necessarily give up the ghost if the mercury rises to 95 or even 100.

Eternal Vigilance is the Price of Liberty.

Let the people in every county in the State assemble in primary meetings, to consult in regard to the election, which they are entitled to hold this fall under the constitution of Georgia and the act of Congress of July 15th, 1870, and to send delegates to the conventions to be held in Atlanta on the 16th and 17th of August next. Let there be wisdom in council, firmness and discretion in action.

Sunstroke.

The mortality from sunstroke has been unprecedented in New York for some time past. Thirty-five deaths occurred in a single day. Deaths traceable to heat only represent a fractional part of the injury to health and life which the hot weather has occasioned. If the heated term continues much longer, it must breed a serious epidemic of some kind.

Extending across the continent, the heated zone seems to be about eight hundred miles in width.

Senator Merrell and the Family.

Here we subjoin something that is enough to make the blood tingle in the veins of a cast-iron man.

Here it is; read it ye live men in Georgia, all ye who are not willing to take the highway, and who really believe that a man should get his bread by the sweat of his brow:

ATLANTA, GA., July 28, 1870.

I certify that J. C. C. Carlton is clerk of the committee on the judiciary of the Senate, and that his services were required and actually performed, beginning on the 11th instant, and is therefore entitled to the same per diem pay as a member.

(Signed) W. W. MERRELL,
Chairman.

July the 28th, 1870, *two hundred dollars* were paid by the Treasurer and receipted for by Carlton. Now, for the points, reader. First. The Parliamentary usage, we believe, has uniformly been to appoint these clerks of committees by election in committee. If this rule is varied we believe it is only a concession of courtesy on the part of the committee, allowing the chairman to make the appointment. But, we believe, the rule is as we state it. Now, we are informed that no appointment has ever been made, and we know of two deserving young friends, who are candidates for this clerkship, that will be astonished when they receive this number of THE CONSTITUTION. But worse, far worse than this. We are informed that this committee has never yet been convoked, never met, never performed as a committee on an act, and consequently could never have called Mr. Carlton's services into requisition. We do so believe, that Mr. Carlton has never performed one hour's service for this two hundred dollars, which *his father-in-law* has certified for and abetted his abstracting from our much abused Treasury. How long, O Lord, how long? Will never again shame come back to the hearts of our people and public opinion have the weight of a feather? Comment is useless. Words fail us, and we cry in our desperation at the intolerable nuisance of Radicalism, "Who shall deliver us from the body of this death!"

Radical Trickery.

The silly attempt now being made by the Republican party to utilize the sympathy of the German population with their Fatherland in the present war between Prussia and France, is as ridiculous as it is impracticable. The Germans see through it and despise it. The attempt thus to utilize them for party purposes, is made upon the presumption of their ignorance of the international policy of their adopted country.

From the foundation of our government, the policy of the United States, in regard to their alliances with foreign nations, has been well defined and rigidly adhered to. "Peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations—entangling alliances with none" have wrought the present independence of this country of court intrigues, saved it from being injuriously affected by revolutionary convulsions in other countries, and preserved in a great measure the republican simplicity of our diplomatic intercourse with foreign nations.

To this policy was chiefly due the respect with which the United States, (when they were ranked as a weak power among the nations,) were always treated by the crowned heads of Europe.

So deeply have the people, whether natives or of foreign birth, become wedded to this policy, that should any administration entangle the Federal Government in alliance with foreign nations, or improperly meddle in their affairs, either in peace or war, it would at once provoke an outburst of popular indignation.

Americans are a free people, out-spoken whenever and wherever their feelings are enlisted. No right-minded man objects to outbursts of popular sympathy, even when that sympathy is in opposition to his own predilections, preferences, or prejudices. Especially is this the case when our foreign-born population give indications of interest in the struggles of those they left behind in the land of their nativity. The utterances of the most zealous and indiscreet Fenian, the most enthusiastic Frenchman, or the most earnest German in regard to movements of their former countrymen, or the overthrow of those they may deem their oppressors, are always listened to with a feeling rather of pleasure than of impatience.

Such utterances are the evidences of the priceless privileges which we as Americans enjoy. The masses of the people, whether native or foreign born, do not intend to permit their liberties to be jeopardized by entangling alliances of the Federal Government with foreign nations. Nor do they intend that political tricksters shall trade upon their sympathies. So, those of the Radical party that are now bidding for the German vote by lauding Bismarck's policy and hypocritically denouncing Napoleon, would do well to cease their efforts to make large drafts upon German credulity, which has no existence save in the imagination of political tricksters.

How is this, Northern Democrats?

An act of Congress of July 15th, 1870, admitting Georgia for the second time into the Union, contains the following language. We quote its very words:

"That neither this, nor any other act of Congress shall be so construed as to deny to the people of Georgia their right to hold an election according to the constitution thereof; nor to affect the term of any officer appointed, nor any member of the Legislature elected under said constitution."

In the face of the above, the Senate of Georgia, on yesterday, passed the following resolutions by a vote of 21 to 14.

WHEREAS, The constitutional term of the several officers of the State, including that of the General Assembly, are necessarily dependent upon the time when under the several acts of Congress the constitution goes into operation, as the paramount law, freed from military influences; and

Whereas, The acts of Congress of July 15th, 1870, does not fix said time, and the same cannot now be definitely settled until Congress shall decide by the actual admission of our Senators and Representatives; and

Whereas, It is unwise further to complicate affairs by the election of new officers while the period when the State Government as such under the constitution begins its existence is uncertain;

Therefore resolved, That the General Assembly so shape legislation as that no election shall be held for the various officers provided for by the constitution, until Congress, by the admission of our Senators and Representatives, or in some other way, shall definitely determine whether the constitution of this State is held to go into operation as the paramount law in 1868 or in 1870.

The constitution of Georgia explicitly provides for an election of members of the lower House of the General Assembly and of Senators from those districts having odd numbers on Tuesday after the first Monday (it being the 8th) of November, 1870. Leading Republican journals in the North, in the last few days, have been publishing arguments against the claim set up by Radicals in the Georgia Legislature to prolong their term of service and thus prevent an election this fall.

The journals referred to complacently inform us that there will be an election in Georgia at the time referred to; that the opposition to it has well-nigh ceased; this too in the face of the fact that Governor Bullock and his faction are working like beavers to induce the Radical majority in the Legislature to prolong their term of service, and have, as above stated, succeeded in inducing the Radical majority in the Senate to render themselves infamous by passing the resolutions above quoted. What does it mean? Are they throwing dust in the eyes of the masses up North to prevent them from taking cognizance of the iniquity that the Bullock-Blodgett faction are perpetrating in Georgia?

Orangemen and Ribbon Men.

On the 12th instant, there occurred a serious riot in New York, which grew out of a celebration by Orangemen of the battle of the Boyne. Several lives were lost and many Irishmen were engaged on both sides. In commenting on this deplorable occurrence, we called attention to the woeful effects of the unwise policy adopted by the conqueror towards the vanquished, in confiscating the lands of the followers of James and partitioning them among the Dutch and English followers of William. Allusion was made in terms not to be misunderstood, if carefully read, to the bad taste, not to say folly, after a lapse of one hundred and eighty years, of taunting by processions in the streets, or other public exhibitions, the descendants of the defeated party. We had nothing to say about the religious controversy which was so much mingled with the politics of Europe at the period of the revolution which cost James his crown and gained for William of Orange the throne of Great Britain.

We are living at a period now too far advanced, in the nineteenth century, to be disposed, even if prejudice inclined us in that direction, to seek to justify the wrongs inflicted upon Ireland on religious grounds. For, however angry the controversy between Roman Catholicism and Protestantism may have been one hundred and eighty years ago, the spirit of the present age, and especially the animus of the people of America, is condemnatory of the mingling of sectarian considerations in questions of State policy. Protestants and Catholics may rejoice or sorrow over the defeat of James at the Boyne, as their convictions or prejudices may determine them. But confiscating the lands of the conquered and placing over tenantry landlords of foreign birth, adventurers whose prejudices, sympathies and habits of thought are antagonistic to those of the masses of the people, is not justifiable on political considerations.

Certainly one hundred and eighty years of British experience in Ireland has demonstrated its folly. Had there been a more generous policy pursued towards Ireland after the battle of Boyne water, there would perhaps been no Ribbonmen ten years from its date, the Orange Societies would never had an existence, the fierce antagonism of the Roman Catholics and Protestants in that unfortunate island would long since have subsided, and the riot in New York would never have occurred.

In many particulars, the policy of Radicalism towards the conquered South resembles that which William of Orange inaugurated one hundred and eighty years ago in Ireland. It has not a tendency (nor was it intended by the Radical party so to operate,) to conciliate or content a generous, proud and chivalrous people by sending among them a horde of adventurers to prey upon their substance and to insult them in their misfortunes. The excuse that Ireland must be oppressed, her peasantry almost literally enslaved to heartless landlords of foreign birth, and her nobility robbed that Protestantism might survive and be perpetuated, is as specious and silly as that which is urged by Radicalism to justify its wild revels in the South since the war, its political debaucheries and usurpations. We still think we were right in the article which called forth the strictures of our correspondent whose communication, under the head of Orangemen, appeared in our evening edition on Friday last, the import of which was not fully considered until we saw it in print.

Owing to the changed state of sentiment of the civilized world, the present and past condition of the Irish people is a subject of study for the statesman. It is a subject that rises above all considerations of ecclesiastical supremacy. The policy of England towards Ireland has wrought results, which, in some sort, will be repeated whenever persistently pursued by the conqueror towards the conquered, it matters not what may be the kind of fanaticism that dictates it.

General Gordon and the Meeting Thursday Night.

In our report yesterday morning, of the Democratic meeting of the night before, General Gordon was mentioned as one of the speakers. This was a mistake. The reporter never attributed the language quoted to General Gordon. He knew that the Mr. Gordon who addressed the meeting was not the General, and not knowing his initials, mentioned him as Colonel Gordon. The printer evidently thought that the reporter had made a mistake in the title; he certainly substituted "General" Gordon in two places where the reporter had written "Colonel" Gordon. We have since learned that the speaker was Mr. Walter B. Gordon of this city. General Gordon did not speak at all. The reporter left the meeting while General Benning was speaking, and was informed, an hour later, by another reporter, of the language used by Mr. W. B. Gordon.

These are the facts.—*New Era*, 29th.

We publish the above by request of the editor of the New Era.

SHE IS NOT DEAD.

Thoughts of solace to Dr. and Mrs. O'Keefe, on the death of their "Mamie."

"She is not dead, but sleepeth,"
With flowers on her breast,
In that slumber, sweet, supernal,
Whose waking is eternal
In mansions of the blest

With white hands softly folded,
And sweet lips void of breath;
The blue eyes dimly clouded—
The young form wholly shrouded?
And this they say is Death!

No! she's asleep in Jesus;
The christian cannot die—
It is the birthday of the soul,
Which proudly spring from earths' control
To exstacy on high.

"She is not dead but sleepeth;"
The blight of earthly things
Hath only fallen on her path—
Born of love and not of wrath,
To plume her angel wings—

While yet the lustrous dew of youth
Still lingered, bright and sweet;
While life was yet a dream of bliss,
Ere gall had touched the scarlet lip,
Ere thorns had pierced her feet.

And would our selfish love recall
The darling back again
To feel the sorrow we have felt—
To kneel in tears as we have knelt
Through life's abiding pain?

No, she sweetly sleeps in Christ
With flowers on her breast,
And coming years shall reunite
The riven chain with links of light,
In heaven's eternal rest.

Atlanta, July 30, 1870. Z.

Georgia News.

Green county is without an Agricultural Society.

The Covington Slipper Club has gone "up the spout."

Dogs are to be excluded from the Augusta Fair Grounds.

Augusta is going to manufacture her own ice, with a Holden machine.

Catoosa county boasts of a corn stalk 7 inches in circumference.

A bear weighing 163 pounds was killed near Boston a few days since.

Bythe Barlow, 14th amendment, was hangedon the 29th, at Griffin.

Langdon Bowie died on the 26th, at Savannah, from disease of heart.

The wife of Judge John S. Bigby, of Newnan, died on Saturday last.

The Brunswick and Albany Railroad is to import Chinese laborers.

Talbotton is jubilant over the possession of three cotton blooms on a single stalk.

Dr. S. S. Adams, of Thomas county, has a cluster of twenty-two apples growing on one tree.

Mrs. Henry Long, of LaGrange, died on the 25th instant, at the advanced age of 75 years.

In Talbot county the cotton fields are white with blooms. Corn never better. Rain wanted in some sections.

The Macon and Augusta Railroad has ordered two new engines to be named "Sparta" and "Clinton"

The funeral of Henry Johnson, a colored preacher in Augusta, was attended by over one thousand persons.

H. W. Grady's name appears as the editor of the Rome Courier and Rome Commercial. King Hans was always a team.

An out-house on the premises of Mrs. Edwards, at Albany, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday last, and a negro girl burned to death in it.

West Point prides itself upon possessing an egg the size of a goose egg, containing one the size of a hen egg. The monster egg is claimed as hen fruit.

The laborers on the Port Royal Railroad are in Augusta in a deplorable condition. Benevolent individuals are trying to get them employment.

The Thomasville Enterprise claims that Governor Bullock has perjured himself in violating a constitution he swore to protect.

Some of the Maconites propose to enjoin the City Council of that city from donating $15,000 to Mercer University.

The corn crop in Cherokee, Georgia, is far better than anticipated. The yield promises to be larger than it has ever been since the surrender.

A couple got married in Talbot county, after twelve years' courtship. They tried to run away three times, and the license had been issued four years.

The track of the railroad from Quincy to Chattahoochee is nearly completed, some say but one mile or less, is yet unlaid. October 29th will see it completed.

Mayor Allen, and Aldermen J. D. Butt, and Henry Myers have been elected by the City Council of Augusta, Directors of the Agricultural Fair Association.

Rev. Dr. J. R. Graves, editor Memphis Baptist, has accepted invitations to attend the next session of the Oostanaula Association at Armuchee, commencing on the 20th of August.

Mr. R. H. Barnes, of Newnan, was badly singed by the explosion of two or three pounds of powder, deposited near a clock last Christmas, having carelessly left a pair heated tongs near the powder.

The Oostanaula Association will hold its next annual session at Armuchee Church, Floyd county, commencing Saturday, the 20th of August next. Rev. Dr. J. R. Graves and other distinguished divines will be in attendance.

Mrs. C. V. Berrien, widow of Colonel Thomas Berrien, of Burke county, Georgia, died at the residence of Dr. C. K. Ayer, in Floyd county, on the 20th instant. She died of disease of the heart. Her age was about 68 years.

The negro barbecue at the plantations of Stephen Howell and J. B. Gorman last Saturday, in Talbot county, was attended by nearly 300 colored individuals, who observed good order and went heartily into the convivialities of the occasion.

A husband and his wife, hailing from Philadelphia, accidently found each other in Columbus a few days since. The place had been appointed for a meeting, but a mistake in the name of the hotel came near losing the chance of meeting for some longer time. The mother had with her an only infant child.

A young lady, rambling through the woods recently, in Berlington county, (N. J.,) had a chignon which caught in the bushes, and finding it impossible to extricate herself, stood for two hours in one position, until some one passing helped her out of her painful situation.

DECISIONS
—OF THE—
SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA

Delivered at Atlanta, Friday, July 29.

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION, BY W. J. HAMMOND, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

William M. Anderson, plaintiff in error, vs. Thomas L. Taylor, defendant in error. Award from Pulaski.

BROWN, C. J.

1. When the arbitrators failed to furnish the party who objects to the award with a copy, as required by section 4183 of the revised Code, but the party appeared at the first term of the Court and filed his objections to the award, and did not show that he was taken by surprise, or lost any right by not having notice of the award, he is not injured by the failure of the arbitrators to furnish the copy, and the award will not, on that ground, be set aside.

2. An award will not be set aside for uncertainty, when it is capable of being made certain.

3. The award in this case is not so outrageous as of itself to constitute conclusive evidence of fraud or corruption. Error in judgment in the arbitrators is not a sufficient ground for setting aside an award. Nor will it be set aside on the ground that it is contrary to evidences, if there is any evidence to sustain it.

4. Arbitrations are favored by the courts, and he who attempts to set aside an award must comply strictly with the requirements of the statute, or he will not be heard.

Judgment affirmed.

Eli Warren, Lanier & Anderson, for plaintiff in error.

A. T. Burke, S. Hall, by Lochrane & Clark, for defendant.

The Equitable Life Insurance Company vs. Catharine A. Patterson. Assumpsit from Chatham.

McCAY, J.

1. The utmost good faith is required in an application for a life insurance, and any misrepresentation of facts affecting the nature or extent of the risk avoids the policy.

2. When one, as the agent of his reputed wife, represented to an insurance company that she was his wife, and effected an insurance upon his own life in her name, as her agent, for her benefit, and the truth of the case was, that the marriage was void by reason of the reputed wife having a former lawful husband living at the time of the second marriage:

Held, That the policy is not void by reason of the illegality of the last marriage, unless it further appears that the said reputed husband and wife knew, at the time the policy was effected, that at the time of their supposed marriage the lawful husband of the wife was living, and the marriage illegal, and failed to inform the company of the fact.

3. When in a life insurance policy there was an exception, that the company was not to be liable in within two years, the assured should die by his own hand:

Held, That if the assured drink to intoxication, and while in this condition, by accident or mistake, take an overdose of laudanum and die therefrom, this is not a dying by his own hand in the sense of those words as used in the policy, even though the mistake or accident be in some sense occasioned by the drunkenness; but if he take the laudanum with intent to destroy his life, though it be but the intent of a drunken man, this is a dying by his own hand.

Judgment reversed.

Jackson, Lawton and Bassenger, for plaintiff in error.

T. E. Loyd, Hartridge and Chisolm, for defendant.

Abel Johnson vs. Yeomans O. Strickland. Contempt from Clinch.

McCAY, J.

When, after a trial on a possessory warrant and a judgment, the court delivered the property to the successful party, his giving the bond and security as provided in section 3933 of the Code, and the case was carried afterwards to the Superior Court by *certiorari* and the judgment reversed, but before the reversal the party receiving the property has sold the same and cannot produce it, it is error in the court to attach him for contempt in failing to obey its order to redeliver the property.

Judgment reversed.

James L. Seward, A. P. Wright, Lochrane & Clark, for plaintiff in error.

No appearance for defendant.

Julia A. Mitchell, et al., plaintiff in error, vs. The Mayor and Council, defendants in error. Arbitration and award from Glynn.

BROWN, C. J.

In an affidavit filed to prevent the award of arbitrators, which has, by order of the court, been entered upon its minutes, from becoming the final judgment of the court in the cause, it is not sufficient to state in general terms that the award is the result of accident, mistake or fraud, or is generally illegal, the affidavit must state such facts of fraud, accident or mistake, or designate such illegality, as that the court may see that the mistake, etc., did, if the statement be true, occur, and that it was material to the issue.

The affidavit must be such as that, if the other party should not deny it, the court can intelligently pronounce that the award was the result of the fraud, accident, mistake or illegality charged, or no issue can be formed upon it, and no judgment of the court rendered setting it aside.

Judgment affirmed.

Warner, J., concurred.

McCay, J., does not dissent from these head notes, but said this judgment was wrong for special reasons.

Law, Lovell & Fallignat, Nesbits & Jackson, for plaintiff in error.

Jackson, Lawton & Bassinger, L. F. Harris, for defendant.

Brevities.

The swells of San Francisco adopt high-heeled boots, which are said to fit outdo the styles worn by the ladies here.

A Cincinnati orator—we suppose it was in that city—wishing to apostrophise the national banner, got it: "Forever fleet that standard shoat."

The war is creating a panic at Baden Baden. The hotels had 15,000 guests, but now they are betaking themselves home.

Nearly two millions of Germans have emigrated to this country during the last twenty years.

Stockings are going out of fashion for ladies' street wear in Paris, and barefeet and sandals are to be generally introduced. In such a mode Venus may still need wine, but she will dispense with corn.

Since the woman's rights revolution, all the babies that are born are girls.

Mosaic and coral buttons are much worn by gentlemen on white vests.

"Pay down before you pour down," is the proper motto of a doggery in this city.

A lady in Kansas is carrying on an extensive blacksmithing and wagon-making business.

Black and gold and maroon and light blue are the most fashionable contrasts of color this season.

Crimped waterfalls are coming in fashion again, and will be more popular than the braids.

The latest style of court train is looped on one side only, and is much more convenient for dancing than the old style.

All England is thrilled because the Princess Alexandria deigned to stoop and pick up her glove.

A highly genteel Chicago woman objects to having her name on the same census blank with her servants.

A visitor at Cape May recently missed his pillow in the morning, and, after searching awhile, found it laid up over his ear like a bit of lead pencil.

Queen Victoria took her place on the English throne thirty-three years ago. Every other throne in Europe, from the least unto the greatest, has changed occupants.

A vulgar mason, who had become rich by the recent demolition in Paris, was anxious to marry his only son to one of the daughters of a marquis. "I wish you would let my son marry one of your girls," said he. "Certainly," said the marquis, "which does he want—the girl that waits in the kitchen, or the girl that washes."

A lady tells a New York "society paper" that engagements are very unsatisfactory sort of affairs, for if you are not very polite and attentive the gentleman thinks you do not care for him, and you are afraid to be polite, for fear the engagement might some time be broken off, when you would be sorry to think you had wasted so much sweetness on some other woman's husband.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Revenue to-day one million; for the month twenty-one and a half millions.

A member of Congress from Tennessee, already damaged by cadetship sales, is in trouble about pension frauds.

The steamer California, with 21 guns, sails for the Mediterranean to-night to catch seals in Alaska.

RALEIGH, July 30.—George Williamson, a citizen of Caswell, went to serve a writ of habeas corpus issued by the Chief Justice, in behalf of Hon. John Kerr and other citizens of Caswell, arrested by Kirk. Kirk ordered him to leave or he would have him fired on. Williamson made return to the Chief Justice in accordance with the facts, and the Chief Justice decided that the writs had not been properly served, first, because Williamson was not appointed by the Chief Justice to make such service, and second, being a citizen of Caswell he was insurgent, and, therefore, could not serve writs.

The Chief Justice re-affirms the opinion that the habeas corpus was not suspended, and ordered the Marshal of the Supreme Court to go to Caswell and serve the writs.

There is not, nor has there been any disturbance or resistance of the law in any portion of the State.

A telegram from Hillsboro, just received, says Kirk's men arrested thirty citizens of Alamance, to-day.

They hung Wm. Patton, a respectable citizen, three times, cutting him down each time to make him confess who murdered the negro outlaw. The last time it was an hour before he recovered enough to make a confession.

STAUNTON, July 30.—A monster barbecue and meeting was held here to-day, at the fair grounds, in furtherance of subscribing three hundred thousand dollars towards constructing the Valley Railroad. Fully four thousand persons were present, one-third ladies. Speeches were made by Governor Letcher, Colonel M. Harman, Major William Southerlin, Judges Sheffy and Hunter, General Echols, Honorable John T. Harris, Major Dorman and others. Letters were read from General Jubal A. Early, Commodore Maury, John W. Garratt, and General Robert E. Lee, favoring the work. The second letter from General Lee, consenting to become president of said road, was received with great enthusiasm.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, July 30.—The brig Vera Cruz has been lost off the mouth of Ellie, in consequence of the removal of beacons.

Bullion irregular.

PARIS, July 30.—Ollivier had an interview yesterday with the principal editors of Paris, during which he explained the position of the government on several questions, relative to Prussia. He gave some explanation of the secret treaty project, that Count Benedetti had previously given, relative to the measures taken by the Cabinet some time ago, and to effect a general disarmament. He said these efforts were merely intermediary to those of Earl Clarendon for a like purpose.

Count Von Bismarck replied to Earl Clarendon that King William refused, absolutely to disarm.

Ollivier said he gave the honor of his name and that of his colleagues, that no offer was made to Prussia other than that made by Earl Clarendon on the Rome question.

Ollivier said it became equitable and useful to the French government to evacuate Rome; equitable, because Italy kept her promises, and useful because keeping her promises unites us more closely to Italy and Austria.

The Journal Officiel denies the invasion of Luxemburg.

The French Senator, Gregar, an owner of large factories near Saarbrucks, has been expelled from Prussia.

Bonville has left Rome on furlough, and it is believed that troops now in Rome will be in Paris by the tenth of August.

The French journals assert that the Prussians have 300,000 troops at Treves, 100,000 in Black Forrest, 200,000 near Mayence, 100,000 in Schliswig, and 80,000 near Berlin. The country between Treves and Mayence is well filled with soldiers.

VIENNA, July 30.—Austria will establish a line of steamers from Triest to Southampton, to connect with the American lines.

WINDSOR, C. W., July 30.—General O'Neill was sentenced to two years' imprisonment and $10 fine; Captain John Brown to nine months' imprisonment and $5 fine; Captain Monagan to six months' imprisonment and $1 fine.

NIGHT DISPATCHES.

PARIS, July 30.—The Journal Officiel, this morning, published Benedetti's explanation of the secret treaty affair. It is well known that Count Von Bismarck made France an offer, both before and after the war with Austria. The substance of this offer was that France should take Belgium as compensation for the aggrandizement of Prussia. The Emperor in all cases declined the proposition. The very moment the treaty of Prague was concluded, Bismarck has again betrayed his desire to restore equilibrium, and make proposals to combinations affecting the integrity of the States bordering on France.

During one of these conversations, Count Von Bismarck dictated to Count Benedetti his secret treaty project which has just been made public, and which Count Von Bismarck has kept ever since. This accounts for the handwriting. Benedetti gave notice of the contents of the proposed treaty to the Emperor's government at Tenie, but the proposition was promptly rejected. Benedetti adds that the King of Prussia was not favorable to Count Von Bismarck's plans.

To-day, the Emperor assumed commandership-in-chief of the army.

He was at work to-day with General Leboeuf, arranging the necessary details.

The Prince Imperial visited camps to-day, and received great enthusiasm.

The health of the army is perfect.

There has been no serious engagement yet.

Rumors to the contrary are false.

It is reported on the best authority that the mission to Vienna was a complete success.

Austria will not take umbrage at the presence of the Italians in Rome, and will remain in accord with Italy.

MADRID, July 30.—The departure from Madrid of the Duke Montpensier is contradicted.

A committee of republican deputies in Cortes yesterday, decided to support the demand for a prompt reunion of the Cortes, and to definitely establish a constitution.

Rumors that ministerial changes are contemplated are contradicted.

The permanent committee of Cortes, appointed before the adjournment of last session, will meet to-morrow to fix the time for the meeting of next session.

LONDON, July 30.—It is now thought that the Prussian army proposes to cross the Rhine from Baden into France, near Haninguy, two miles below Basle.

Much activity in German military circles to-day.

The French press, regardless of politics, praise the Emperor's address to the people.

Prices of breadstuffs and other articles at Paris are nearly the same now as on the eve of the Austria and Prussian war.

ROME, July 30.—General Kanzeler, of the war department, proposes a fortification of the city.

The Pope's Chaplain has gone to Paris to receive the condadian defenders of the Pope.

MRS. MAFFITT'S
PRIMARY SCHOOL,
Corner of West Harris and Spring Streets,
Will be open on Monday, August the first.
july28-d3t

UNCALLED LETTERS.—The following letters are held in this office for postage, proper directions, etc:

Col John F Kirk, Augusta, Ga; John M Carr, Columbus, Ga; Messrs Zeigler, McCrary & Co, 16 S 6th street, Philadelphia, Pa; Mess Humphrey, Pitts & Co, Kansas, Kan; William Daniels, Albion, Ill; Col Charles Sallie Lancaster, Jeffersonville, Va; Miss Annie Gordon, colored, Macon, Ga; Mrs Sarah Cranson, care Allen Nicholson, 161 Baptist Church Chattanooga, Tenn; Miss Sinclair, Thomaston, Ga; James H Hooter, chairman, Ga; Rev. E Ma shall, Vicksburg, Miss; Mr Mark Rogers, Fort Davis, Texas; Mr Baker Stewart, Walker at N Y; Dr S B Inder, Atlanta Mineral springs, Ga; Mrs Margaret Harris, care William Bennett, Sparta, Ga; David Dickson, agents, Ga; Jacob Feidelhauer, Tarborough, North Carolina.

ASHON H. F FULLER,
Mailing Clerk, Atlanta P. O.

July 31. 83t

RAILROAD CONSIGNEES.

PER MACON AND WESTERN RAILROAD—JULY 30.

Spencer & Co, P T & O A C & R W R R Berryman, John Keely, T J Hightower & Co, P & G T D, Hunnicutt & B, J M & J C A, Cox Co, J T Hagan, Winn Ip & Bro, J R Wylie, Sch E Mill, J H Kenney, Sewell & P S H Molton, Garrett & Bro, F E McDaniel, H J Lesk, McDaniel, M & Co, H K Shackelford, Meshaught & Co, H T Cox & Bro, C B Wellborn.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

WEEMS—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Weems are invited to attend the funeral of their infant daughter, from their residence on Peters street, at five o'clock, this afternoon.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ REMNANTS OF CARPETS.—WE have a large lot of remnants of all kinds, which will be sold below cost. We are offering our stock of Mattings at cost. Great bargains in Carpets and Oil Cloths.

S. S. KENDRICK & SON,
Marietta street,
July29-d1f Atlanta, Ga.

☞ NOTICE.—SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, GEORGIA RAILROAD—AUGUSTA, GA., July 23, 1870.—For the accommodation of parties visiting Athens during the commencement exercises, etc., a Train will be run on the Athens Branch, every night, from the 26th instant until the 11th proximo inclusive. Said Train will connect at Union Point with Night Trains on the main line. Persons to purchase FULL FARE TICKET going, and Agent selling will furnish RETURN TICKET FREE. Return ticket good for twenty (20) days.

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent.
july26-dtaug10

☞ SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE—GEORGIA RAILROAD—AUGUSTA, June 13th, 1870.

NOTICE TO THOSE ATTENDING THE COLLEGE COMMENCEMENTS.

College exercises will commence this year as follows:

At Covington, Sunday, June 19th.
At Oxford, Sunday, July 17th.
At Penfield, July 10th.
At Athens, Sunday, July 31st.

All parties desiring to attend will be passed for ONE FARE, full fare Ticket to be purchased going, and Agent selling to furnish RETURN TICKET FREE.

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent.

☞ Athens, Greensboro, Covington, Washington, Madison and Atlanta papers please copy to August 1st. june16-dtaug1

New Advertisements.

Prof. J. M. C. Shumate,

ASSISTED by Mrs. M. E. SHUMATE, will open their School for Misses and Boys, 22d August, corner Ivy and Ellis Streets.

Tuition, in advance—$3 to $5 per month.

Refers to following patrons: W. L. Goldsmith, C. W. Hounicutt, F. N. Chisolm, J. M. Wyly, W. S. Shuttles. july31-dlw

10 5-ACRE WOOD LOTS
THIRD SALE OF VILLA LOTS.
AT AUCTION,

ON the premises, in Hurtville, on the Georgia Railroad, two and a half miles from the center of the Gate City,

FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 5, 1870.

Plat of this beautiful villa property can be seen at our office.

The lots are heavily timbered and most of them have good bottom land, and are well watered.

Fresh watermelons and pure Cincinnati beer will be freely served on the premises, in the shade of the original forest growth.

A train of passenger cars will leave the crossing at the National Hotel at 3 o'clock P. M. on Friday, the 5th day of August, and return at 7 o'clock P. M. conveying parties to and from the sale, free of charge.

Members of the Legislature, visitors to the city and purchasers of real estate generally are invited to attend this sale and avail themselves of a chance to secure model lots for gardens, orchards, dairies, vineyards or villa residences, in Hurtville.

Titles clear and indisputable; terms, one-third cash, balance at two and four months, with interest.

BELL & HAMMOCK,
Real Estate Agents,
Next door to James' Bank, Whitehall st.
july31-SuTh&F

N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer.

MRS. DR. MASSEY'S PROPERTY.

ON WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, August 3d, at 5:30, on the premises we will sell five very handsome and desirable Residence Lots, as per plat at our office.

These Lots, we believe, occupy the highest point of any in this part of the city.

Purchasers of these may rely on a commanding view, pure water, pure atmosphere and a most excellent neighborhood.

Titles clear.

Terms—one half cash; balance in three months, with interest.

Conveyances leave our office at 5 o'clock.

WALLACE & FOWLER.
july31-d2tsun&wed Real Estate Agents.

AT AUCTION.
BRICK COTTAGE RESIDENCE,
—and—
TWO VACANT LOTS.

WE will sell on the premises, at 5 o'clock, P. M., TUESDAY, the 9th day of August, 1870, that neat BRICK COTTAGE RESIDENCE, east of, and adjoining the residence of J. Whitney on Foster Street.

Dwelling has three large rooms with verandah in front and rear. Brick Kitchen and Dining Room attached; all constructed in a neat and substantial manner.

—Also—

TWO VACANT LOTS, north of this property, each fronting 51½ feet on Wheat Street, and running back 154 feet.

☞ Don't wait for personal invitations—go directly to the premises or come to our office at 4 o'clock P. M. and take conveyance.

Titles perfect. Terms, one-third cash, balance two, and four months, with interest.

BELL & HAMMOCK,
Real Estate Agents,
Next door to James' Bank,
july31-d2t Whitehall Street.

AT AUCTION.

ON the premises, at 5 o'clock P. M., THURSDAY, the 4th day of August, 1870,

A Part of Dr. Ford's Residence Lot,

100 by 125 feet on Peters (old Whitehall) Street, on that beautiful eminence, south-west of, and about 150 yards from the railroad crossing.

This fine property is admirably situated for an elegant Cottage Improvements or suitable for

4 BUSINESSS LOTS.

☞ Capitalists seeking permanent investments and speculators, as well as persons desiring a choice Residence Lot, are invited to attend this sale.

Conveyances leave our office at 4 o'clock.

Titles clear. Terms, one-fourth cash, balance three, six and nine months, with interest.

BELL & HAMMOCK,
Real Estate Agents,
Office—Next door to James' Bank,
july31-d4t Whitehall Street.

NOTICE.

William J. Young and David S. Young, Executors, etc., vs. James E. Young, and others, Legatees under the will of E. E. Young, deceased. Bill for Directions.

IT appearing to the Court that some of the defendants in the above stated cause live in the State of Texas, and some in the State of Alabama, and others in the States of Mississippi and Louisiana, and, perhaps, some in other States, whose residence is unknown: It is, therefore, ordered by the Court that the defendants in the above stated cause, be and appear at the next term of this Court and plead, answer or demur to said bill, not demurring alone, and that service of the bill be perfected by publication of this order once a month for four months in the Macon Telegraph and THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION Intended. J. K. ALEXANDER, J. S. C. S. C.

I certify the foregoing to be a true extract from the minutes of Thomas Superior Court, June Term, 1870. This July 26, 1870.

THOS. S. HOPKINS, Clerk S. C.
july28-w4sat&m

THE RURAL SOUTHERNER,

The largest agricultural monthly published at

ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM.

EDITED BY

SAM'L A. ECHOLS and ANDREW J. BECK.

NEW YORK, VIA CHARLESTON, S. C.

THE SUPERIOR FIRST-CLASS SIDEWHEEL STEAMSHIPS

Champion, Charleston,
Jas. Adger. Manhattan.

Running between New York and Charleston, offer every inducement to the traveling public. They are handsomely and comfortably fitted up for passengers. Their tables are supplied with all the delicacies of the New York and Charleston Markets.

Fare from Atlanta to New York, by this route $27 50. This includes meals and State room. Tickets have an omnibus coupon attached, which relieves passengers from all extra charges on them cars or baggage in going from South Carolina Railroad depot to the steamers. In fact, everything has been done to render this one of the cheapest and pleasantest routes to the East. Passengers, especially families, traveling this route are relieved of long delays and the inconvenience of resorting to eating houses and other additional expenses. They can rely on getting their meals regularly, and something palatable. Tickets being good until used allow passengers the privilege of remaining over at terminal points as long as they wish to. Through tickets, and from Augusta, Atlanta, Milledgeville, Rome, Chastan ogaand Montgomery. The date of the sailing and name of the ship will always be found at depots, ticket offices and hotels. Persons wishing to engage staterooms on any particular ship or in advance of ship's departure, can do so without charge by addressing the agents, in Charleston, S. C., or Atlanta, Ga.

H. M. COTTINGHAM, Freight and Passenger Agent, Atlanta Georgia.

JAS ADGER & CO., Agents,
Charleston,

The Daily Constitution.

Atlanta, Georgia, July 31, 1870.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Index to New Advertisements.

Four Business Lots—Bell & Hammock.
Brick Cottage and Two Vacant Lots—Bell & Hammock.
Fifteen 5-acre Wood Lots—Bell & Hammock.
School Notice—Prof. J. M. C. Shands.
Primary School—Mrs. MaGill.
Mrs. Dr. Massey's Property—Wallace & Fowler.

Go to the temperance meeting at five o'clock, P M. Place of meeting, Good Templar's Hall.

WESLEY CHAPEL.—Morning service at ten and two o'clock, by Rev. W. P. Harrison, D. D.

REV. WM. H. STRICKLAND, of Stone Mountain, will preach in James' Chapel at 4 o'clock this evening.

REV. N. M. CRAWFORD, D.D., will preach in the First Baptist Church at 10½ o'clock, A M., and Rev. H. C. Hornady at 8, A M.

DIVINE service will be had in the lecture room of the Second Baptist Church this morning at the usual hour. We learn that the accommodations are ample and comfortable.

WHAT member of the Investigating Committee on the Western and Atlantic Railroad made $1 500 on Friday by settling a case against the road? Was the money paid before or after the "prolongation" vote?

IT was currently reported on the streets yesterday that A. L. Harris, Master of Transportation on the State Road, had been removed, but we could not trace the rumor to any reliable source.

SERVICES will be held this morning in Third Baptist Church by Rev. H. C. Hornady. The ordinance of baptism will be administered at 4½ P. M., near the church, by the pastor, H. F. Buchanan.

PUNCHINELLO is the best illustrated, humorous, and satirical sheet ever published in this country. It equals the London Punch in pungency and pith, and it contains nothing vulgar or out of place. Copies can be had at Phillips & Crews.

WE had the pleasure of a visit, yesterday, from the live, genial and indefatigable general agent of the Macon and Brunswick and Atlantic and Gulf Roads in New York, C. D. Owens, Esq. We are pleased to learn from him of the general growing prosperity of the roads he represents.

EARLY COTTON.—We have been shown two well formed bolls of cotton grown on the plantation of Col. Evans, of Thomas county, and one that opened on the 24 inst. The variety is that known as Holmes, Early Prolific California Cotton.

We are informed by Frank T. Ryan, the courteous and energetic tax receiver and collector of this city, that John H James, Esq., banker and broker, pays more tax on real estate in Atlanta than any other citizen or resident, and that next to him are Colonel Richard Peters and Colonel L. P. Grant.

POLICEMAN Thomas Costello, arrested yesterday evening, John Lemon, (15th amendment), implicated in the robbery of Low & Bro., on Friday night John, it seems, had invested in pistols, jewelry, etc., to some extent; $37.50 in gold, silver, and greenbacks, were found on his person. Warren Peat, the colored drayman, was arrested in the morning. The Lemon ought to get squeezed, and the drayman learned not to re-peat such another high, low, jack and the game again. They are evidently "Prolongationists" of the straightest sect.

Two men from North Carolina, trading on tobacco, were arrested on Friday, for an alleged violation of the Internal Revenue Laws, in having stamps or brands on the head of tobacco boxes and not destroying the same after using or selling the tobacco. They were brought before United States Commissioner W. B. Smith, for a hearing. One named Hayes was bound over on Friday, and one named Eisk, yesterday, in nominal bonds, to answer the charge. The government was ably and efficiently represented by the United States District Attorney, J. D. Pope, and the defendants by Judge O. A. Lochrane and Major George Hillyer.

MORE "GREASE."—We learn from Mr. Caldwell, former watchman at the State Depot at Atlanta, that not long since, when Platt Madison, member of the House, was lying around the depot begging for "grease," and sleeping under tarpaulins, which were used to cover corn, flour, and other freights on the platform, that he (Mr. Madison) told Mr. Caldwell that a short time before that Governor Bullock ordered him to go down to the State Road shop and select eight or ten thousand feet of State Road lumber, and have it hauled up and delivered to Mr. Pond, with which the latter gentleman was to build him a stable, carriage house, etc. All of which was done, and the stable and carriage house now stands on Broad street, near the bridge. Madison further stated to Caldwell that the aforesaid lumber and building material for the stable and carriage house have never been paid for by the said Pond or Bullock.

THE Georgia State Dental Society met in this city on the 28th and adjourned yesterday. All the delegates express themselves pleased with the result of their labors, and we are pleased to learn that they were well pleased with Atlanta. They have taken such action as will, it is to be hoped, secure State protection. We will, at the proper time, show that it is absolutely necessary to have laws to regulate the practice of dentistry as well as the practice of medicine.

The society wish to extend a vote of thanks to the different railroads for favors received; to the Mayor and Council for the use of the City Hall; to O. L. Pease for the finest dinner ever given in Atlanta, and to Mr. Patrick Fitzgibbons for courtesies received.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—Dr. F. Y. Clark, Savannah.
1st Vice President—Dr. H. A. Lawrence, Athens.
2d Vice President—E. M. Allen, Marietta.
Corresponding Secretary—J. F. H. Brown, Augusta.
Recording Secretary—A. C. Ford, Atlanta.
Treasurer—T. Jones, Spartanburg, S. C.
Executive Committee—Drs. Burr, Parsons, Allen, Lawrence and Jones.

THE LaGrange High School is located in LaGrange, Troup county, Georgia, on the Atlanta and West Point Railroad. It was incorporated in 1830, and is the oldest school of its grade in Western Georgia, having entered upon its thirty-third Annual Session. The school is in a healthy region of country, and in the midst of an intelligent and refined population. The character of its inhabitants for refinement, morality and intelligence, commends it, in an eminent degree, to parents and guardians, as a suitable place to put those under their charge. Methodist, Baptist, Presbyterian and Episcopalian churches have Sabbath schools and regular service here which the students attend. There are, also, two of the best Female Colleges in the South located here, which makes it especially desirable to young men who may have sisters going to school. The High School has been leased by the Principal for a term of years, the first of which has just expired, and he would be ungrateful not to acknowledge the warm and generous patronage he has received. During the past year he has enrolled 103 pupils. He will endeavor to deserve success by sparing no effort to advance the best interests of each pupil committed to his care.

Indigent sons of deceased Confederate soldiers received free of charge.

The Faculty consists of Robert E. Park, A. M., Principal; Orville A. Bull, A. B., and Edward D. Elmer.

The fall term commences on the 29th of August.

NOW IS THE TIME.—Now is the time to subscribe for the DAILY CONSTITUTION. The world is aflame with news and grand events. Every day is an age of history, and it is the peculiar characteristic of this day that we can lay before the reader the world's news of the day before at an expense of a little more than three cents. Send $2 50 and get the CONSTITUTION daily for three months. He who denies himself so great a luxury to save so small a price robs himself gratis.

The readers of this paper have every morning spread before them the events of the day all over the world.

Not only will the columns of THE CONSTITUTION convey intelligence from London, Paris, Berlin, Vienna, St. Petersburg, which will post its readers every day with the progress of the grand events which will give a new political shape to Europe, and affect the destinies of mankind for ages to come, but also give full particulars of the

Extensive lawn suits at Mrs. Frank's.
Splendid travelling suits at Mrs. Frank's.
Large assortment of ladies' suits at Mrs. Frank's.
Satin ribbons of latest style at Mrs. Frank's.
Great reduction of prices in millinery goods at Mrs. Frank's.
Fashion calico at 17½ cents per yard at Mrs. Frank's.
Summer dress goods selling at greatly reduced prices at Mrs. Frank's, Decatur street. july21-dtf.

THE attention of the readers is respectfully called to the advertisement of Bradfield & Co., in another column.

These gentlemen have six great and valuable remedies, viz: Bradfields Female Regulator; Dr. Prophitt's celebrated Liver Medicine; Prophitt's Dysentery Cordial; Prophitt's Pain Kill It; Prophitt's Ague Pills; and Prophitt's Antibillious Pills, all of which are purely vegetable—*not a mineral substance in one of them.*

They are all preparations for special diseases, and have been used for years; and the testimoonials for each article is of the highest character as regards their efficiency and the public need have no fear of being humbuged by them.

Bradfield's Female Regulator and Prophitt's celebrated Liver Midicine has undoubtedly been of more benefit to suffering humanity than any other two remedies of their age, and are justly more popular. july20-dtf

INTERESTING TO MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS.—The Premium List of the Georgia State Fair will be issued at once, commencing with an edition of 10,000 copies. It will be of interest to hundreds of thousands of people.

It is an annual publication, and will long be preserved as a reference. Our merchants and business men generally cannot avail themselves of a better method of advertising than this. Retail merchants cannot conceive a better plan of advertising their goods during the ten days the Fair is in operation.

The managers of the Fair have engaged the services of Mr. J. W. Bigsby to solick advertisements, and authorized him to receipt for the same. july11-dtf

Go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street, and get the best Lubricating Oil that is made for fine machinery. july10-dly

Go to Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street, for anything you want in the drug line. You will get it cheaper than at any other house in the city. july10-dly

On and after Tuesday next, free dances will be given on Tuesday and Friday nights at the King House, at Stone Mountain. july9-dtf

FORTY Barrels Cherry Brandy just received at Kenny's Chicago Ale Depot, on Pryor street. july6-dtf

CONSULT your welfare and read the advertisement headed "Bad Blood." je5-d3m

BOLOGNA Sausages and everything good to eat at John Peel's, Marietta street. july16-d1m

COME UP, roll up, tumble up, jump up, hop up, any way so you call and settle up what you owe John Peel, on Marietta street. july16-d1m

IF you want White Rock Potash, Concentrated Lye, Cheap Soap, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-d1y

IF you want Soda, Cream Tartar, Black Pepper, Ginger, Spice, Nutmegs, Mace, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-d1y

IF you want Rosadalis, Koskoo, McLean's Cordial, Tutt's Sarsaparilla, or Radway's Ready Resolvent, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-d1y

STILLINGIA cures Siphilis in its worst forms. july10-dtf

STILLINGIA cures Hereditary Siphilitic affections. july10-dtf

STILLINGIA cures Scrofula, or King's Evil. july10-dtf

STILLINGIA cures Old Sores, Ulcers, Tetter and Boils. july10-dtf

STILLINGIA cures all diseases of the Skin. july10-dtf

STILLINGIA is the Great Blood Purifier. Prepared by PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO. july10-dtf

IF you want pure Drugs go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store on Broad street. july10-d1y

BE ON YOUR GUARD.—The unexampled success which for twenty years has accompanied the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters provokes the envy of ignorant nostrum-mongers in all parts of the country, and the counterfeiting business having been measureably played out in consequence of the numerous suits instituted against the offenders, a new batch of articles has been adopted. In the South and West especially, a legion of "Bitters," prepared from worthless materials and bearing a variety of names, have been got up by irresponsible adventurers with the hope of substituting them to some extent for the Standard Tonic of the Age. In some cases country druggists are the concoctors and proprietors of these unscientific and trashy compounds, which are warmly recommended by the vendors, who endeavor to palm them off upon the credulous in lieu of the great specific which has never yet had a successful competitor either among proprietary preparations or the medicines prescribed in private practice. This notice is intended to put the public on their guard against persuasions of parties engaged in the attempt to substitute mere rubbish for the most efficient stomachic and alterative at present known. At this season of the year when debility and complaints arising from a lack of vital energy so generally prevail, it is of the greatest consequence that no tricks should be played with depressed and enfeebled systems. Ask, therefore, for Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the great vegetable invigorant and alterative, and reject, with deserved contempt, the worse than useless medleys offered in its place. It is as important to the public as to the proprietors of the famous restorative, that this advice should be heeded. july26-deod1waw1t.

IF you want Window Glass, Pure Lead, Linseed Oil, Putty, or anything in the paint line, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-d1y

BRADFIELD'S Female Regulator has gained such notoriety on account of its wonderful merit, that not less than a half dozen other parties, with articles without merit in themselves, have changed the names of their articles to Female Regulator, and are thus trying to impose upon the afflicted their worthless article, and steal from us our well-earned reputation.

☞ None genuine unless signed J. Bradfield. july13-dtf

THE United States Hotel, Louisville, Ky., is only two blocks from the Street Cars that run by the Nashville Railroad Depot. july26-d1w

AN INTERVIEW BETWEEN A DOCTOR AND HIS PATIENT.—Three months ago Mr. James Henry Redding, of 509 Grove street, New York, was, as he supposed, not far from death's door. His physician—considered a skillful one—had given him up, pronouncing his complaint atrophy. He was fearfully wasted and debilitated, had a constant pain in his right side, ate scarcely enough to keep a baby alive, and was much depressed in spirits. At this juncture, a clerk in the establishment where he had been employed, persuaded him to try a course of PLANTATION BITTERS. Last week he returned to business, his health being quite restored.

The other day on his way home, he met the physician who attended him, when the following conversation occurred: "What!" said the doctor; "is this you?"

"Even so," replied Mr. Redding, quietly; "you're not sorry to find yourself a false prophet I hope?" "No, no; certainly not, but its a miracle. How was it, my dear fellow? how was it?" Mr. R. told him the story of his recovery, (ascribing it wholly to the Bitters,) and is willing to confirm it verbally or by letter whenever applied to.

THE new food-source, SEA MOSS FARINE, is becoming very popular with all classes. As a table-dessert, it is the cheapest and most delicious in the world. july26-deod1waw1t.

PATENT MEDICINE DEPOT.—Parties in want of any of the popular patent medicines of the day, will find it to their interest to call on Bradfield & Co., Broad street, Atlanta, Ga., next door to Colonel Mark W. Johnson's. july10-dtf

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, July 30.—Money 3@5. Sterling long 9¾; short 9¾. Governments closed dull and lower; 62s 10. Gold 21½. Southerns closed nominal.

Cotton dull and is unsettled; sales 1,000 bales; middling uplands 19¾. Flour. State and western closed firmer; superfine State 5 30@5 90; Southern are firmer; common to fair extra 6 30@7 20; good to choice 6 05@6 25. Wheat 1@2c better, on common and inferior; winter red and amber western, 1 40@1 56; Red and amber Southern 1 62; white Southern 1 85. Corn, new mixed western 95@1 00. Beef steady; mess 12@16. Pork 29 95@30 00. Lard lower; kettle 17¼@17¾. Whisky steady at 1 00@1 01. Groceries quiet and steady. Naval stores steady. Turpentine 41@41½. Rosin 1 70@3 00. Tallow quiet at 10@10¾. Freights firm.

The week closes with steadier feeling, in Wall street, markets, however, generally dull. Bank statement unfavorable; and loans have decreased $4,150,000. Specie has decreased $4,091,000. Circulation has increased $600. Deposits has decreased $640,000. Legal Tenders increased $859,000.

Governments dull and lower; coupons 8¼; 62's 10¾; 64's 9¾; 5's 9¾; new 8¾; 7's 8¾; 8's 9¾; 40's 6¾; 10's 63; new 60; Virginias 60; North Carolinas 48¾; new 29.

ST. LOUIS, July 30.—Flour, low grades firm; superfine 4 50@4 80. Corn firmer; mixed 80@81. Whisky nominally unchanged. Provisions very dull, little doing; mess 31 00@31 50; clear sides 18¾. Lard 16½@16¾.

LOUISVILLE, July 30.—Flour firm and scarce; extra family 5 85. Corn steady at 1 10. Provisions stead; mess 31 00; shoulders 14¾; clear sides 19. Lard 17½. Hams 21½@25½. Whisky 97.

NEW ORLEANS, July 30.—Flour duller; superfine 5 25@5 35; double 6 00; treble 6 00; treble 8 87½. Corn mixed 95@1 00; white 1 00@1 05. Oats 58@60. Bran dull at 95@1 00½. Hay firmer; prime 25 00. Pork firm at 32 00@32 50. Bacon firmer; jobbing 15½, 18¾, 19½. Hams 26½. Lard firmer; tierce 17@17½; keg 18¾@19. Sugar firm; prime 13. Molasses—plantation fermenting 50. Coffee—prime nominally at 18½. Whisky firmer at 95.

Cotton dull; middlings 17¼@17½; sales 250; net receipts 165; coastwise 2; total 167; stock 46,678. Sterling 32¾. Gold 20@20½. Sight ⅞ premium.

SAVANNAH, July 30.—Cotton quiet and fair; low middlings 17; net receipts 100; net receipts 146; stock 5,742.

CHARLESTON, July 30.—Cotton quiet; little doing; low middlings 18¾; sales 25; exports, coastwise, 40; stock 2,601.

GALVESTON, July 30.—Cotton dull; good ordinary 12½; sales 500; receipts 20; exports, coastwise, 882; stock 7,361.

AUGUSTA, July 30.—Market dull and lower; sales 40; receipts 58; middlings steady at 16¾@17

LIVERPOOL, July 30, Evening.—Cotton firm and not higher; uplands 7⅜; orleans 7⅝; sales 12,000; speculation and export 3,000. Red western wheat 9s. 9d. Beef firm. Pork and lard firm.

PARIS, July 30.—Bourse opened firmer. Rentes 66f. 30c. Closed firm 66f. 90c.

LONDON, evening, July 30.—Consols 80¾. Bonds 83½. Stocks quiet.

HAVRE, July 30.—Cotton opened at 15.

Local and Business Notices.

PHILLIPS & FLANDERS are still offering great inducements to purchasers. july31-6t

PHILLIPS & FLANDERS have a large lot of good Kid Gloves, at seventy-five cents per pair. july31-6t

PHILLIPS & FLANDERS are selling Persian Challies at 15 cents per yard. july31-6t.

PHILLIPS & FLANDERS will sell, for the next thirty days, all Dress Goods at cost. july31-6t

LADIES, now is the time to secure bargains. Call at PHILLIPS & FLANDERS, and be convinced. july31-6t.

THE largest assortment of Fine and Common Furniture in the city, just received and prices that we defy competition, at W. K. Fox's, Broad Street. july31-3t

PARLOR and Bed Room Sets at cost, for the next twenty days at W. K. Fox's, Broad Street. july31-3t

BED Room Sets, complete marble tops, at W. K. Fox's, Broad Street. july 31-3t

SOFA and Parlor Sett complete, for $65, at W. K. Fox's, Broad Street. july31-3t

THE two highest premiums were awarded to the "Woodruff Wagon," at the Georgia State Fair, in Macon, Ga. They are acknowledged to be the best wagon in America. A large lot just received at their Wareroom on Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga. july28-d6t

EQUINE Remedies Known to Horsemen. TRY the Equine Remedies.

VETERINARY Surgeons recommend Equine Remedies.

EQUINE Powders are an Alterative.

EQUINE Remedies best in the market. july26-d1w

WHY DO YOU COUGH?—When it is in your power to relieve yourself; a few doses of DR. TUTT'S EXPECTORANT will cure you and allay the apprehensions of your friends; moreover, it is pleasant to take, it produces no nausea, and strengthens the Lungs and throat to resist attacks in future. Mothers need not dread the Croup when they have a bottle of this valuable compound on their Mantlepiece. july26-d1w.

PEARLS AND RUBIES.—When rosy lips part, pearls should glitter behind them. To preserve and beautify the dental enamel, there is no preparation like Sozodont, a compound of the most wholesome, vegetable antiseptics, among which the Bark of the South American Soap Tree, known to the natives as QUILLAY, and used by the Spanish Americans for cleansing without impairing, the most delicate fabrics, is most important.

"Spalding's Glue" will justsuit you. july26-d1w.

THIS is a free country, and if people like to use hair coloring compositions full of dirt they have a right to do so; but reason suggests that when PHALON'S VITALIA, OR SALVATION FOR THE HAIR—pellucid, sweet and pleasant—can be obtained at every drug store, none but the unrefined will use any other. Sold by druggists. july26 deod1w.

WHEN the blood becomes impoverished by improper digestion, or there is not sufficient food taken into the stomach to meet the requirements of the system, the skin assumes pallid, the lips and tongue turn almost white, and the face assumes a waxlike appearance. This is a sure sign that the stream of life needs enriching, that the blood is impoverished. How is this poverty of the blood, of which emaciation, debility and nervous relaxation are the ordinary symptoms, to be remedied? The only way would be to invigorate the stomach with LEPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS, and it will reinforce the blood with nutritious particles. july26-deod1waw1t.

To encourage the culture of Barley in Georgia, I earnestly request farmers, in different sections of the State, to send in their samples, prices affixed, by the 15th of August, or I will be compelled to purchase from other States.

D. FRANTZ,
July19-d1w&wSw City Brewery.

L. H. BRADFIELD'S GREAT

DR. JOHN BULL'S Great Remedies.

DR. JOHN BULL

Manufacturer and Vendor of the Celebrated

Smith's Tonic Syrup,

FOR THE CURE OF

AGUE AND FEVER

—OR—

Chills and Fever.

The proprietor of this celebrated medicine justly claims for it a superiority over all remedies ever offered to the public for the safe, certain, speedy and permanent cure of Ague and Fever, or Chills and Fever, whether of short or long standing. He refers to the entire Western and Southwestern country to bear him testimony to the truth of the assertion, that in no case where it will fail to cure, if the directions are strictly followed and carried out. In a great many cases a single dose has been sufficient for a cure, and whole families have been cured by a single bottle, with a perfect restoration of the general health. It is, however, prudent, and in every case more certain to cure, if its use is continued in smaller doses for a week or two after the disease has been checked, more especially in difficult and long standing cases. Usually, this medicine will not require any aid to keep the bowels in good order; should the patient, however, require a cathartic medicine, after having taken three or four doses of the Tonic, a single dose of BULL'S VEGETABLE FAMILY PILLS will be sufficient.

Dr. JOHN BULL'S Principal Office:

No. 40 Fifth Cross Street,

Louisville, Kentucky.

Bull's Worm Destroyer

To my United States and World-wide Readers

I have received many testimonials from professional and medical men, as my almanacs and various publications have shown, all of which are genuine. The following letter from a highly educated and popular physician in Georgia, is certainly one of the most sensible communications I have ever received. Dr. Gaunt knows exactly what he speaks of, and his testimony deserves to be written in letters of gold. Hear what the Doctor says of BULL'S WORM DESTROYER:

VILLANOW, Walker County, Ga., June 29, 1869.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: I have recently given your "Worm Destroyer" several trials, and find it wonderfully efficacious. It has not failed in a single instance to have the wished for effect. I am doing a pretty large country practice, and have daily use for some article of the kind. I am free to confess that I know of no remedy recommended by the ablest authors that is so certain and speedy in its effects. On the contrary, they are uncertain in the extreme. My object in writing you is to find out upon what terms I can get the medicine direct from you. If I can get it upon easy terms, I shall use a great deal of it. I am aware that the use of such articles is contrary to the teachings and practice of a great majority of the regular line M. D.'s but I seem to just cause or good sense in discarding a remedy which we know to be efficient, simply because we may be ignorant of its combination. For my part, I shall make it a rule to use all and any means to alleviate suffering humanity which I may be able to command—not hesitating because some one more ingenious than myself may have learned its effects first, and secured the sole right to secure that knowledge. However, I am by no means an advocate or supporter of the thousands of worthless nostrums that flood the country, that purport to cure all manner of diseases to which human flesh is heir. Please reply soon, and inform me of your best terms. I am, sir, most respectfully,

JULIUS P. CLEMENT M. D

Bull's Sarsaparilla.

A Good Reason for the Captain's Faith.

READ THE CAPTAIN'S LETTER AND THE LETTER FROM HIS MOTHER.

BENTON BARRACK'S, Mo., April 30, 1866.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: Knowing the efficiency of your Sarsaparrilla, and the healing and beneficial qualities it possesses, I send you the following statement of my case:

I was wounded two years ago—was taken prisoner and confined for sixteen months. Being moved South, my wounds have not healed yet. I have not set up a moment since I was wounded. I am shot through the hips. My general health is impaired, and I need something to assist nature. I have more faith in your Sarsaparilla than in anything else. I wish that that is genuine. Please express me half a dozen bottles, and oblige.

Capt. C. P. JOHNSON,
St. Louis, Mo.

P. S.—The following was written April 29, 1866 by Mrs. Jeanie Johnson, mother of Captain Johnson:

DR. BULL—Dear Sir: My husband, Dr. C. S. Johnson, was a skillful surgeon and physician in Central New York, where he died, leaving the above C. P. Johnson to my care. At thirteen year of age he had a chronic diarrhœa and scrofula, so which I gave him your Sarsaparilla. IT CURED HIM. I have for ten years recommended it to many in New York, Ohio and Iowa, for scrofula, fever sores and general debility. Perfect success has attended it. The cures effected in some cases of scrofula and fever sores were almost miraculous. I am very anxious for my son to again have recourse to your sarsaparilla. He is fearful of getting a spurious article, hence his writing to you for it. His wounds were terrible but I believe he will recover.

Respectfully JANE JOHNSON

BULL'S CEDRON BITTERS

AUTHENTIC DOCUMENT.

ARKANSAS HEARD FROM.

Testimony of Medical Men

STONEY POINT, White Co., Ark., May 23, 1866.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: Last February I was in Louisville purchasing drugs, and I got some of your Sarsaparilla and Cedron Bitters.

Mason-ia-law, who was with me in the store, has been down with rheumatism for some time, commenced on the Bitters, and soon found his general health improved.

Dr. Gist, who has been in bad health for several years—stomach and liver affected—he improved very much by the use of your Bitters. A Mr. Gaut, of Union, has got a great deal of notoriety in this settlement. I think I sold off a great quantity of your medicines this fall, especially of your Cedron Bitters and Worm Destroyer. Send me 100 Memphis, cash for C. O. D.

Respectfully, G. E. WALKER.

All the above remedies for sale by

L. H. BRADFIELD,

DRUGGIST,

WHITEHALL STREET BRADFIELD'S BLOCK Sold Generally

STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

IN GRAIN, PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, LIQUORS, ETC.

Agents for the Sale of

LIME, GUANO, VIRGINIA LAND PLASTER & SALT,

Forsyth Street, near the Capitol,

ATLANTA, - - - GEORGIA.

HAVE NOW IN STORE, ON CONSIGNMENT:

50 casks Bacon Shoulders,
25 casks Dry Salted Shoulders,
20 casks C. R. or Bulk Sides,
Tennessee Bacon—assorted,
1,000 bushels Oats,
50 barrels Whisky—Corn.

10 barrels Whisky—Pure Rye,
25 barrels Pure Virginia Apple Brandy,
10 bales Cotton Yarns,
1,000 bags Corn,
1,000 bales Timothy Hay,
500 barrels Western Flour—assorted.

Having accepted the Agency of the

Celebrated "CHAMPION MILLS" FLOUR,

of Rome, Georgia, we are prepared to furnish Dealers with any grade of Flour they may need, and at VERY REASONABLE PRICES. Guaranteeing the quality to be fully as good, if not superior to any Flour sold in this market.

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF LIME,

HOWARD KILNS AND "CHICKAMAUGA BIRD-EYE," received, fresh, every day, in good packages.

We are prepared to furnish large quantities of WHEAT, and invite

SOUTHERN MILLERS

To correspond with us in relation to the coming crop, and to supplying themselves with WHEAT.

We are offering the above at Low Figures.

july1-d3m STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.

COMMONWEALTH

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

178 Broadway, New York.

OFFICERS.

F. E. MORSE, Secretary. JOHN PIERPONT, President.
J. B. PEARSON, Vice President.

SPECIAL FEATURES:

All Policies issued by the Commonwealth are incontestable from date of issue, and are free from restrictions on travel.

It permits Residence anywhere without extra charge.

All Policies are non-forfeitable, and participate in the profits of the Company unless otherwise specified.

Dividends are declared annually upon all Policies that have been in force a full year, and are available on payment of the next annual premium.

DR. GEO. G. CRAWFORD, Medical Examiner.

G. I. THOMAS & SON,
Managers Southern Department, No. 82 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

☞ Liberal inducements to Agents and Solicitors.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Howard Insurance Company of New York.

Cash Capital $500,000; Surplus, $275,470 61; Total, $775,470 61.

CHARTERED IN 1825.

THEO. KEELER, Secretary. SAM'L T. SKIDMORE, President.
WM. R. SKIDMORE, Assistant Secretary. HENRY A. OAKLEY, Vice Pres.

Virginia Home Insurance Company.

Invested Capital, $200,000; $30,000 State Bonds Deposited with Comptroller of the State of Georgia.

DAVID J. BURR, Secretary. D. I. HARTSOOK, President.

Buildings, Merchandise and Furniture insured against loss or damage by fire, in the above reliable Companies, on the most favorable terms. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

G. I. THOMAS & SON, Agents, No. 82 Whitehall St.

janel-d3m

G. T. DODD. G. T. DODD. W. J. TANNER

P. & G. T. DODD & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Provision Dealers,

CORNER WHITEHALL AND MITCHELL STS., ATLANTA, GA.

WE have now on hand a large and well selected Stock of Family Groceries, consisting in part of Coffees Sugars Bacon, Lard, Flour, Molasses and Syrup. Mackerel in Barrels, Half Barrels and Kits. Also, a Fresh lot

DRUM FISH AND LAKE SHAD.

We have a Large Stock of all Grades Flour, among which is Stewart & Austin's F. F. F.—F. F. and Family, all of which we offer to the Trade

CHEAP FOR CASH.

may22-d3m

FIRE INSURANCE.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

Of Hartford, Connecticut.

Assets, January 1, 1870, - - - $5,549,504 97.

PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY,

Of Hartford, Connecticut.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1, 1870, - - - - - $1,674,888 91.

WASHINGTON INSURANCE COMPANY,

Of New York.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1, 1870, - - - - - $805,197 92.

Besides other Fire and Life Companies, making the total assets represented over $38,901,697.

W. P. PATILLO, Agent,
Office in Railroad Block opposite National Hotel.

july13 -d1m

J. W. GAUT,

Produce and Commission MERCHANT,

Knoxville, - - Tennessee.

PURCHASES ON ORDER Wheat, Corn, Oats, Hay, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Dried Fruit, Feathers etc., etc.

Refers to all the principal merchants in Georgia. J. W. GAUT.

june16-d3m

TO THE MERCHANTS OF ATLANTA.

The Atlantic and Gulf FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE!

STARTING from Savannah, connects at Jesup with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, at Macon with the Macon and Western Railroad, and at Atlanta with the various Roads diverging from this city, forming an unbroken line from the seaboard to all points in Middle and Upper Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Tennessee.

☞ EXPRESS FREIGHT TRAINS RUN THROUGH DAILY FROM SAVANNAH. ☜

NO BREAKAGE OF BULK.

Through rates given and Bills of Lading signed to Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk. We, the very lowest published rates. If Quick Time, Low Rates, and Prompt Settlements for Sale or damage occurring on the line, constitute a claim to your patronage, then is presented the Great Southern Route to the Coast. All Agents and Gulf Steamboat Agents, Savannah, Ga." Call on Mr. R. F. CLARK, Agent of the Road at Atlanta, or address the undersigned.

Through Tariff of Rates and Classification of Freights, to Atlanta.

The Steamers of first-class ships for this Atlantic Route, who may visit New York, or call at the office of the Line, they will find a fleet of their vessels ready to receive freight.

Office, No. 5 Bowling Green, New York. G. A. NICOLAY, Gen'l Ag't.
No. 10 Broadway, on Sunday, at Pier No. 1, North River, foot of Rector st.
Office, No. 5 Bowling Green, New York, February 1, 1870.

DEMAREST & WOODRUFF

(Successors to TOMLINSON DEMAREST CO.)

628 & 630 Broadway, N. Y.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Carriages, Buggies, &c.

Especially adapted for the Southern Roads.

OUR STOCK COMPRISES

LIGHT VICTORIAS,
PHAETONS,
CABRIOLAS,
ROCKAWAYS

And all other styles of Fine Carriages, For one or two horses.

TOP AND NO TOP BUGGIES,

Of Empire and Side Springs.

CONCORD BUGGIES,

MAIL HACKS & JERSEY WAGONS.

We are also Sole Manufacturers of the

WOODRUFF CONCORD BUGGY

AND

Plantation Wagon for 1, 2, 4 & 6 Horses

The best Buggy and Wagon in America for the money.

We have had an experience of thirty years in making work for the Southern States, and know exactly what is wanted to stand the roads. We invite all to send for Circulars, and parties visiting New York or passing Jersey City to call on us. Warerooms

We solicit the trade of dealers and dealers. Illustrated Circulars, with prices, furnished by mail

A. T. DEMAREST, N. Y.
W. W. WOODRUFF, Ga.

We have also opened a

BRANCH OF OUR ESTABLISHMENT

IN ATLANTA, GEORGIA,

Corner Hunter and Pryor streets,

Where we expect to keep a large stock, and

Sell at Very Low Prices.

june16-d3m

DRILL-SEALS, LABELS, LETTER-HEADS, and in fact every variety of Mercantile Printing done at THE CONSTITUTION office with dispatch.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

WESTERN AND ATLANTA RAILROAD.—P. BLOUNT, Superintendent; A. L. HARRIS, Master of Transportation.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	7 30 P M
Arrives at Chattanooga	3 30 A M
Leaves Chattanooga	7 30 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	4 14 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	8 15 A M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4 30 P M
Leaves Chattanooga	7 40 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	3 17 P M

CARTERSVILLE ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Atlanta	5 30 P M
Arrives at Cartersville	8 11 P M
Leaves Cartersville	6 00 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	9 00 A M

ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD.—W. M. Wadley, Vice-President; JOHN F. KING, President; L. P. GRANT, Superintendent; E. M. FARRAR, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	8:15A. M.
Arrive at West Point	12:20 P.M.
Leave West Point	12:55 P. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	5:20 P. M.

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	3:00 P. M.
Arrive at West Point	10:45 P. M.
Leave West Point	3:00 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	10:37 A. M.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY, AUGUSTA, GA., MAY 12th, 1870.—On and after Sunday, 15th instant, the Passenger Trains on the Georgia Railroad will run as follows:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.
(Sunday Excepted.)

Leave Augusta	7.15 A.M.
Leave Atlanta	7.00 A.M.
Arrive at Augusta	5.45 P.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	7.10 P.M.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	9.50 P.M.
Leave Atlanta	5.45 P.M.
Arrive at Augusta	4.00 A.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	8.00 A.M.

S. K. JOHNSON, Supt.

☞ Atlanta, Athens, Madison, Covington and Greensboro' papers copy. may14-d6t

MACON & WESTERN RAILROAD.—103 miles.—Fare, five cents per mile.—A. J. WHITE, President; M. E. CLARKE, Agent at Atlanta; H. W. BROWNE, Master Transportation; W. A. FRAZER, General Ticket Agent.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.35 A M
Arrive at Macon	1.40 P M
Leave Macon	1.50 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	6.10 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.10 P M
Arrive at Macon	1.30 A M
Leave Macon	1.40 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	6.00 P M

C. M. BUCHANAN. L. LABOITEAUX.

BUCHANAN & CO.,

WHOLESALE

LIQUOR DEALERS,

Nos. 9 and 12 Public Landing,

Cincinnati, - - Ohio.

Proprietors of the celebrated brands of Wilshire and Orange Grove Whiskies.

april7-d6m

Important Sale.

BY agreement of all the parties interested, I will sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder, at the Court-house door, in the city of Atlanta, on the 18th day of October, 1870, commencing at 11 o'clock, A. M., the following

VALUABLE PROPERTY

Belonging to the late firm of King, Hartee & Co., to-wit: Lots of land Nos. 269 and 273 containing 40 acres each, a fraction of about five acres of lot No 297, and a fraction of about twelve acres east of 277.

This property lies on each side of Willis creek, in Cobb county, 14 miles from the Chattahoochee river, and

The Daily Constitution.

Agents for the Constitution.

The following gentlemen are regularly authorized, as local Agents, to receive and receipt for subscriptions to THE CONSTITUTION, at the following places:

C. A. DOLLAR, Jonesboro, Ga.
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V. L. ROBERTSON, Cleveland, Ga.
JOHN W. MCCURDY, Stone Mountain, Ga.
Rev. W. J. SCOTT, Acworth.

OUR ANGELS.

[The following beautiful lines were written by Adelaide Anne Proctor, who was a member of the Roman Catholic church. Few hearts are so callous as not to be touched by its thrilling pathos:]

Our God in Heaven, from that holy place,
To each of us an Angel guide has given;
But mothers of dead children have more grace—
For they give Angels to their God and Heaven.

How can a mother's heart feel cold or weary,
Knowing her dearer self is one, happy, warm;
How can she feel her road too dark or dreary,
Who knows her treasure sheltered from the storm.

How can she sin? Our hearts may be unheeding,
Our God forgot, our holy Saints defied;
But can a mother hear her dead child pleading,
And thrust those little angel hands aside?

Those little hands stretched down to draw her over
Nearer to God by mother love; we all
Are tired and weak, yet surely she can never,
With such a stake in Heaven, fail or fall.

She knows that when the mighty Angels raise
Chorus in Heaven, one little silver tone
Is her's forever, that one little praise,
One little happy voice, is all her own.

We may not see her sacred crown of honor,
But all the Angels, flitting to and fro,
Pause, smiling as they pass— hey look upon her
As mother of an Angel whom they know;

One whom they left nestled at Mary's feet—
The children's place in Heaven—who softly sings
A little chant to please them, slow and sweet,
Or, smiling, strokes their little folded wings;

Or gives them her white lilies or her beads
To play with; yet, in spite of flower or song,
They often lift a wistful look that pleads,
And asks her why their mother stays so long.

Then our dear Queen makes answer she will call
Her very soon; mean while, they are beguiled
To wait and listen while she tells them all
A story of her Jesus as a child.

Ah, Saints in Heaven may pray with earnest will
And pity for their weak and erring brothers;
Yet there is prayer in Heaven more tender still—
The little children pleading for their mothers.

ATLANTA PRICE-CURRENT.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, July 30, 3 o'clock, P. M.

Business active, but market generally quiet.

COTTON—Market dull at 16 for middlings; 15 for low middlings; 14 for good ordinary, and 13 for ordinary. Receipts light.

MONETARY—Gold buying at 1 18; selling at 1 20. Silver buying at 1 10; selling at 1 15. Exchange on New York buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

GROCERIES.—Corn meal 1 45, by car load, 1 45 in small lots. Rice, 9½c, tierces. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 15c; Tallow 12a15c. Sugars, A, 16c; Extra C, 15; Yellow, C, 12a13; Brown, 14a14½. Rio Coffee, 20a24; Java, 35a38c. Beeswax, 33 a34. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 50. N. O. Syrup, 75a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 42a45. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25. Starch 10a. Extra State cheese, 15c; Factory, 20a21c; English dairy, 23c. Goshen butter 40a50c; Tennessee, 35a40. Apples 7 00a10 00 per bbl. Eggs, 25 per doz. by the lot.

PROVISIONS—There is a light stock of bacon and prices rule stiff. Clear sides command 20; clear rib sides 19½; shoulders 15½; plain hams 20a22; canvassed 20.

LARD—Choice in barrels 19a21; kegs and cans 20; inferior 18a19.

FLOUR—In active demand and stocks full. Superfine per bbl. 6 50a7 00; extra 7 50a8 00; family 8 50a9 00; fancy 8 75a9 25.

FACTORY GOODS.—The supply of Factory Goods is ample and the quality the best offered in any market. Brown Shirtings, 7/8 11½; B. Shirting 3-4, 9½a4-4, 13; Bleached shirting, ¾, 7a9½; Bleached shirting, 7/8, 11½a14½; Brown drills, 14½; Bleached Drills, 15½; Stripes, 16½a18¾; Checks, 18¾a19; Montour Osnaburgs, 17½a18; Troup, 19; Yarns, 1 50a1 65.

BULK MEATS—Are also in light supply; clear sides 19½; clear rib sides 18¾c; shoulders 14½; hams 18½a19.

GRAIN—Choice prime white corn very scarce; mixed and yellow more abundant. We quote mixed and yellow at 81 35, and prime white 1 40a1 42½ in car load lots at depot. Wheat—red 1 25; white 1 35. The demand for Oats is steady at 80 per bushel, in car load lots, and 85 in small quantities. Rye. 1 25 in but little demand.

DRY GOODS.—In dry goods, Atlanta equals New York, and our wholesale dealers can duplicate New York bills, saving freight and expense of travel there and back. We call attention to the quotations: Aliens 11; Sprague, 10½a11; Pacific 11; Lancaster 11; Wamsutta 7; Amoskeag, 9 1-2. Ticking, Pittsfield, 10; Croton, 12; Albany, 12; Eastern, B, 18; Amoskeag D, 23; Hamilton, 32; Conestoga 4-4, 30; Amoskeag A C A 35. Low grades of prints can be had at from 6 to 6½.

TOBACCO.—Atlanta is one of the best tobacco markets in the United States, for price and quality. We quote low grades, sound medium, summer work, 65. Stock small. Low grade, winter work (won't stand May sweat) 60a62½; fine 90a1 00; choice 1 25; leaf 20.

LIQUOR MARKET—Whisky, rectified, 1 25 at 50 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a6 00; Robinson County, 3.00a3 00; Cognac Brandy, 1 50a3 00; 8s. Creix Rum, 4 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin, 1 5 0a6 00; Scotch, 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter, 3 00; French Brandy, 4 50a12 00.

HARDWARE—Swedes iron, 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 5a6; Pittsburgh bar, 6; nail rod, 10a 12; band, 7a8; Nails, 4s to 60s, 5 75; 3s, common, 6 75; 3s, fine, 8 75. Plow steel, 11c; cast, 26a28c; German, 18a20.

COW FEED.—Hay, 1 70a1 85 per 100 lbs. Peas, (scarce) 2 75 per bushel; wheat bran, 1 75 per 100 lbs; Oil meal 2½c per lb.

DRUGS AND DYES—Bi-carb soda 7a8 per lb. Blue stone 18a20. Copperas 4a5. Epsom salts 6½a8. Madder 22a25. Opium 17 00a19 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 6 00a8 50; pints, 3 50a3 75; per gal., 3 75a 4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a6 00; per gal., 1 45a3 50.

LIME AND CEMENT—Cherokee lime, 55c per bushel; Chewacka, 60c. Hydraulic cement, 4 00 per barrel, James River 4 50 per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 6 00 per barrel.

OILS AND PAINTS.—Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 20a1 35; do., boiled, 1 35a 1 40; Sperm, 2 50a3 00; Whale, 1 50a 2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure Winter, 1 75a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene 40a45c; Petro, 35; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 3 00a3 50; Coach, 5 00a6 00. White lead, per lb., 11½a15; do., pure, 18½.

DRIED FRUIT.—Peeled Peaches 9a11c; not peeled 5a6c; Apples 5a6.

Telegraph Markets.

NEW YORK, July 30.—Flour dull and steady. Wheat quiet and a shade firmer. Corn dull and declining. Pork dull 30 00. Cotton dull; middling uplands 19¾; orleans 20½; sales 200 bales. Lard quiet; bbls. 17a17½. Turpentine firm at 40. Rosin dull at 1 60 for strained. Freights firm.

Stocks strong. Money easy at 4a5. Exchange, long, 9¾; short 10¾. Gold 20¼. Bonds 10¾. Tennessee ex-coupons 60; new 60. Virginia ex-coupons 57; new 60. Missouris 88¾; Louisianas old 68; new 64. Levee sixes 65; eights 84. Alabama eights 99; fives 73; Georgia sixes 80; sevens 90. North Carolinas old 48¾; new 29; South Carolinas old 89; new 73½.

LONDON, July 30.—Consols 89¼. Bonds 83½. Stocks steady.

LIVERPOOL, July 30.—Cotton opened flat and firm; uplands 7¾; orleans 7¾; sales 8,000 bales.

Railroads.

THE

GREAT SOUTHERN

PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE!

VIA

ATLANTA AND AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

THE EATING HOUSES

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this Line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS

BETWEEN

West Point, Ga., & Wilmington, N. C.

Quick Time and Sure Connection

VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase **Through Tickets** and have their **Baggage Checked** through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta,

TO

Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line

FARE AS LOW BY AUGUSTA AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

ON

All Night Trains Leaving Atlanta

BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia Boston and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

UNRIVALLED ON THE COAST.

Through Tickets on Sale at

Montgomery, West Point & Atlanta

TO

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS.

J. A. ROBERT,

General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.

aprl1-dtf

1870!

PASSENGERS DESIRING TO VISIT

ANY OF THE

Northern, Southern, Eastern,

—OR—

WESTERN CITIES

Should study well the attractions offered by the

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD,

The celebrated Passenger Route of the South.

The Only Route from Atlanta

RUNNING A DOUBLE

DAILY THROUGH PASSENGER TRAIN,

Preventing the Possibility of a Delay of Twenty-Four (24) hours, incident to lines running but one Daily Train.

The Passenger Equipment of this Road is Superior to that of any Road in the South.

In addition to the

LUXURIOUS COACHES

Of the Road, there are attached to all night trains the FAR FAMED

Pullman Sleepers,

Which furnish accommodations equal to a first-class Hotel.

There are on sale at reduced rates, for the summer season, TICKETS to

Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs,
Montgomery White Sulphur Springs,
Alleghany Springs,
Coyner's Springs,
Black Springs,
Warm Springs,
Little Sweet Springs,
Bedford Alum Springs,
Montvale Springs,
Benbeba Springs,
Natural Bridge, of Virginia,
Lookout Mountain,
Mammoth Cave,
Niagara Falls,
Hot Springs, of Arkansas.

And all other resorts

IN THE UNITED STATES.

This is the only Road in the South offering for sale Through Tickets to

Yokohama, Japan,
Hioga, Japan,
Hong Kong, China,
Shanghai, China,
Nagasaki, China.

Steamers Leave San Francisco

—FOR—

CHINA AND JAPAN,

On the first day of each month.

Tickets can be purchased in all the principal cities. Baggage checked to destination and handled free. Ask for Tickets via

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

B. W. WRENN,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
A. L. HARRIS,
Master Transportation and Supervisor.
FOSTER STOCKETT,
Superintendent.
L. M. HARRIS,
Southern Passenger Agent.

jan23-dtf

KOSKOO

THE GREAT REPUTATION

Which KOSKOO has attained in all parts of country

AS A GREAT AND GOOD MEDICINE!

And the Large Numbers of Testimonials

which are constantly being received from Physicians, and persons who have BEEN CURED by its use, is CONCLUSIVE PROOF OF ITS REMARKABLE VALUE.

AS A BLOOD PURIFIER,

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

BEING POSITIVELY

The Most Powerful Vegetable Alterative Yet Discovered.

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.

"The life of the flesh is in the Blood," is a Scriptural maxim that science proves to be true. The people talk of bad blood, as the cause of many diseases, and like many popular opinions, this of bad blood is founded in truth.

The symptoms of bad blood are usually quite plain—bad Digestion—causes imperfect nutrition, and consequently the circulation is feeble, the soft tissues loose their tone and elasticity, and the tongue becomes pale, broad, and frequently covered with a pasty, white coat. This condition soon shows itself in roughness of the skin, then in ERUPTIVE and ULCERATIVE diseases, and when long continued, results in serious lesions of the Brain, Liver, Lungs, or urinary apparatus. Much, very much, suffering is caused by impure blood. It is estimated by some that one-fifth of the human family are affected with scrofula in some form.

When the Blood is pure, you are not so liable to any disease. Many impurities of the Blood arise from impure diseases of large cities. Eradicate every impurity from the fountain of life, and good spirits, fair skin and vital strength will return to you.

KOSKOO,

AS A

Liver Invigorator!

STANDS UNRIVALLED.

Being the only KNOWN Medicine

that EFFICIENTLY *stimulates* and CORRECTS the *hepatic secretions* and functional DERANGEMENTS of the LIVER, WITHOUT DEBILITATING the system. While it acts *freely* upon the Liver *instead of copious purging, it gradually changes* the discharges *to a perfectly natural state.*

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER COMPLAINT AND OF SOME OF THOSE DISEASES PRODUCED BY IT.

A sallow or yellow color of the skin, or yellowish-brown patches on the face and other parts of the body; dullness and drowsiness, sometimes, headache; bitter or bad taste in the mouth, internal heat; in many cases a dry, teasing cough; unsteady appetite; sometimes sour stomach, with a raising of the food; a bloated or full feeling about the stomach and sides; aggravating pains in the side, back, or breast, and about the shoulders; constipation of the bowels; piles, flatulence, coldness of the extremities, etc.

KOSKOO!

Is a remedy of *Wonderful Efficacy* in the *cure* of diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder. In these Affections it is as near a specific as any remedy can be. It does its work kindly, silently, and surely. The relief which it affords is both certain and perceptible.

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

Persons unacquainted with the structure and functions of the kidneys can not estimate the *importance* of their *healing action.*

Regular and sufficient action of the Kidneys is as important, nay, even more so, than regularity of the bowels. The Kidneys remove from the Blood those effete matters which, if permitted to remain, would speedily destroy life. A total suspension of the urinary discharges will occasion death from thirty-six to forty-eight hours.

When the Urine is voided in small quantities at the time, or when there is a disposition to Urinate more frequently than natural, or when the Urine is high colored or scalding with weakness in the small of the back, it should not be trifled with or delayed, but Koskoo should be taken at once to remedy the difficulty, before a lesion of the organs takes place. Most of the diseases of the Bladder originate from those of the Kidneys, the Urine being imperfectly secreted in the Kidneys, prove irritating to the Bladder and Urinary passages. When we recollect that medicine never reaches the Kidneys through the general circulation of the Blood, we see how necessary it is to keep the Fountain of Life Pure.

KOSKOO!

Meets with GREAT SUCCESS in the CURE o

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM,

Almost nine-tenths of our people suffer from nervous exhaustion, and are, therefore, liable to its concomitant evils of mental depression, confused ideas, softening of the brain, insanity, and complete breaking down of the general health. Thousands are suffering to-day with broken-down nervous systems, and, unfortunately, tobacco, alcohol, late hours, over work (mental and physical), are causing diseases of the nervous system to increase at a fearful rate.

The symptoms to which diseases of the nervous system give rise, may be stated as follows;

A dull, heavy feeling in the head, sometimes more or less severe pain or headache; Periodical headache, Dizziness, Noises or Ringing in the Head; Confusion of Ideas; Temporary Loss of Memory; Dejection of Spirits; Starting during Sleep; Bad Dreams; Hesitation in Answering Questions; Dullness of Hearing; Twitching of the Face and Arms, etc., which, if not promptly treated, lead to Paralysis, Delirium, Insanity, Impotency, Apoplexy, etc., etc.

KOSKOO

Is NOT a secret quack remedy. FORMULA around each bottle. Recommended by the best Physicians, eminent Divines, Editors, Druggists, Merchants, etc.

The Best and Most Popular Medicine in Use.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D.,

ORGANIC CHEMIST,

Laboratory and Office, No. 6 Main Street,

NORFOLK, VA.

PRICE, ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

For Sale by Druggists Everywhere.

HARDWARE

AT

Wholesale and Retail

TOMMEY

SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS OFFERED

&

OUR STOCK IS LARGE

STEWART.

and varied. It consists of everything usually kept in a First-Class Hardware Store.

TOMMEY & STEWART,
Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

feb3-dly

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS

AND

MILLINERS.

HILL & KETCHAM,

257 Canal Street, New York.

INVITE the attention of the Southern trade to their complete assortment of

STRAW GOODS,

and all articles in the Millinery line, consisting of Straw, Silk and Velvet Hats, Sundowns, Straw Cords and Tassels, Flowers and Feathers, Trimmings of all kinds, Bonnet and Hat Frames, &c.

Special attention is given to a line of Trimmed Goods, for country trade. Orders filled with great care. A trial of styles and prices is solicited.

HILL & KETCHAM,
257 Canal Street,
Between Broadway and Earles' Hotel

nov23-dly

ROSADALIS!

ROSADALIS

THE Great American Health Restorer, purifies the blood and cures Scrofula Syphilis, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, diseases of Women, and all Chronic affections of the Blood, Liver and Kidneys. Recommended by the Medical Faculty and many thousands of our best citizens.

Read the testimony of Physicians and patients who have used Rosadalis; send for our Rosadalis Guide to Health Book or Almanac for this year, which we publish for gratuitous distribution; it will give you much valuable information.

Dr. R. W. Carr, of Baltimore, says:

I take pleasure in recommending your Rosadalis as a very powerful alterative. I have seen it used in two cases with happy results—one in a case of secondary syphilis, in which the patient propounced himself cured after having taken five bottles of your medicine. The other is a case of Scrofula of long standing, which is rapidly improving under its use, and the indications are that the patient will soon recover. I have carefully examined the formula by which your Rosadalis is made, and find it an excellent compound of alterative ingredients.

Dr. Sparks, of Nicholasville, Ky., says he has used Rosadalis in cases of Scrofula, and Secondary Syphilis with satisfactory results—as a cleanser of the Blood I know no better remedy.

Samuel G. McFadden, Murfreesboro' Tenn., says:

I have used seven bottles of Rosadalis, and am entirely cured of Rheumatism; send me four bottles, as I wish it for my brother, who has scrofulous sore eyes.

Benjamin Bechtol, of Lima, Ohio, writes: I have suffered for twenty years with an inveterate eruption over my whole body; a short time since I purchased a bottle of Rosadalis and it effected a perfect cure.

Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists.

Laboratory, 61 Exchange Place, Baltimore.

DR. CLEMENTS & CO,
Proprietors.
L. H. BRADFIELD,

Wholesale Agent, Atlanta, Ga., sells Rosadalis at Proprietors rates. may 1-dly

Chattahoochee House,

WEST POINT, GA.

THIS well known Railroad Dinner House has recently undergone thorough repairs, and the Proprietor is now better prepared to accommodate his guests than formerly.

The Bar is supplied with the choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

may22-dtf W. L. WILLIAMS.

COTTON GINS REPAIRED!

—BY—

P. C. SAWYER,

AT DIXIE WORKS,

MACON, - - GEORGIA

COTTON GINS made as good as new, from one third to one-half the cost of a new Gin, and made equal to the best Gins manufactured in the United States.

Large Gins reduced to any required size.

None but the best and most experienced work men, from the shop of the late Sam'l Griswold are employed, and all work guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. I keep a large supply of the different kinds of Ribs used by the several Gin-makers

Refer to hundreds of planters in the counties of Wilkinson, Laurens, Twiggs, Pulaski, Houston, Bibb, Crawford, Monroe and Upson, among whom are the following: Wilkinson, M. J. Cantwell; Laurens, Joel Covey; Pulaski, James Bellinson, M. F. Grace; Houston, C. N. Rountree, Rev. H. F. Tharp; Bibb, Pulaski Holt; Monroe, James Tripp; Upson, Rev James Lyon; Crawford, David McGee, and to Hardeman & Sparks, of Macon.

Send in your Gins early, in order to give me time to fix them up right.

P. C. SAWYER,
mar31-dawtd Dixie Works, Macon, Ga.

DR. JOEL BRANHAM'S 1830 H 1870 LIVER MEDICINE.

YEISER & RAGLAND

Wholesale Druggists,

ROME, GA.

SOLE PROPRIETORS.

We have used Dr Branham's Liver Medicine and cordially recommend it for the cure of diseases of the Liver. Chills and Fever, Headache, Dyspepsia, etc.

ALFRED IVERSON, Columbus, Ga.
JOHN HARKINS, Rome, Ga.
S. DUKLAP, " "
J. BROWN, " "
J. MARSHALL, Madison, Ga.
E. L. COOPER, Floyd County, Ga.
T. J. ROSS, New Orleans
G. M. HILLYER, Vicksburg, Miss
W. E. FESNER, Petersburg, Va.
T. R. HARWELL, Edenton, Ga.

apr21-dawlm

Valuable Property for Sale.

TWO very desirable pieces of city property, consisting of one house and lot on the corner of Forsyth and Luckie streets; house contains 8 rooms, and has large garden. Also, 1 beautiful building lot, unimproved, about 3 acres, on Stephens and Richardson streets, adjoining the property of I. O. McDaniel and A. W. Markell. Also, one of the finest plantations in Spalding county, Georgia, containing 920 acres, 450 of the finest cotton land in the State, 6 miles from Griffin. Apply to GEO. SCHAEFER, at the Wheelhouse corner Hunter and Pryor streets, formerly occupied by McDaniel, Strang & Co.

July1-dlm

SOMETHING TO EAT FOR EVERYBODY

—AT—

Chapman, Rucker & Co.'s

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

Having Accepted the Agency for the Celebrated Graves' Mills Flour of

LEBANON, KENTUCKY,

We are now Prepared to Furnish to our Patrons any Kind and Quantity of Flour at

THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES!

WE ALSO KEEP ON HAND A LARGE SUPPLY OF

CORN, BACON, LARD, SUGARS, COFFEES, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, ETC.,

WHICH WE PROPOSE TO SELL

AS LOW AS ANY HOUSE IN THE CITY!

may13-d3m

J. Weeden Burton, | Jno. W. Stockton.
Late of Perryville.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

HAS JUST BEEN REFITTED.

Centrally located.

feb12—dtf

To All Whom it May Concern.

YOUR attention is called to sections 377 and 383 of the City Code. They have been so amended that one notification from me is sufficient, and I now notify all parties, who come under the scope of said sections, to remove all obstructions, sweepings, Hair, Fuel, Slop, or Washings, within six hours, and will say that you are not allowed to put the boxes, used to place such accumulation in, upon the street or sidewalk, except on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday mornings, when a Scavenger Cart will pass around and empty them.

apr30-dtf G. W. ANDERSON, Marshal.

A GOOD CHANCE FOR HOUSEKEEPERS.

WOULD like a small family to take a neat, well furnished house of five rooms, kitchen, servant rooms, cellar, stables, etc., in a healthy, delightful part of the city. Should also like board for three—no children. Apply at Mrs. Agnes Turner's Fancy and Notion Store, or at her residence on Whitehall street. july8-dlm

FOR SALE,

A Business Lot on Broad Street.

APPLY AT THIS OFFICE.

july6-dtf

Valuable Real Estate,

AT GAINESVILLE, GA., FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE built and occupied by Haise Dewdry, deceased, a summer residence. Any amount of Wood Land can be purchased, convenient.

Apply to

E. A. GOWER,
At Cartersville,
Or, R. V. COBB,
Gainesville, Ga.

N. B.—Some Valuable Mill Property for sale in the immediate vicinity of Gainesville. apr10-dtf

DR. W. A. HOOTEN'S

INFIRMARY FOR THE BLIND,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

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